Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & ALLISON, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 3. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1858. NO. 13.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

McCRUM & ALLISON, Publishers and Proprietors.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,) $1,50

All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

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PROSPECTUS OF THE

ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

For 1858.

THE CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED!

The Cheapest Paper in the County!

With the present number, the *Tribune* has entered upon its third volume. Commenced at a time when the confidence of the citizens of Altoona in newspapers and newspaper publishers was considerably shaken, if not totally annihilated, it has slowly but surely restored that confidence, and now stands upon a sure foundation, and is universally acknowledged to be one of the fixed institutions of our town. But this result has not been achieved without a hard struggle, and considerable expenditure of time and means on the part of its editors. The steady increase of patronage, however, has afforded indubitable evidence that their labors have been appciated.

In entering upon the new volume it is almost annecessary to say that the *Tribune* will continue to be "INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING," being biassed neither by fear, favor nor affection, in favor of parties or sects. In this respect it is only necessary to say that the past affords a fair index as to our future course.

It has always been our aim to make the *Tribune*, a reliable first-class LOCAL PAPER, as we believe that in that character alone, country papers can successfully compete with their flashy city neighbors. To this end we have secured correspondents in various parts of the county, who furnish us with all the items of local interest in their vicinity. We purpose adding others to our list as soon as we can obtain them. During the next year we shall redouble our efforts to make the *Tribune* a perfect compendium of HOME NEWS—A RELIABLE, FIRST-CLASS LOCAL PAPER, second to none in the country, and as such a welcome weekly visitor to our patrons, whether at home or abroad.

But while the Local Department shall be our special care, we shall also devote a considerable space to LITERARY MATTER, FUN AND HUMOR, and the chronicling of events of general interest to our readers. We purpose also publishing from time to time "Original Sketches of Men and Things" which will be furnished by our contributors. We have made arrangements also to have a weekly letter from Philadelphia, and judging from the reputation our correspondent sustains as a popular writer, these letters will be a rich treat to our readers.

As we are decidedly journalists of the progressive school, we have concluded to adopt the cash system in our business. The neglect of quite a number of our patrons to pay up promptly, and the rascality of others, has compelled us to adopt this course. Time and experience has fully proved to our satisfaction that the credit system will not work with newspaper publishers. From this date no paper will be sent from this office, unless paid for in advance, and at the expiration of the time paid for, if not renewed, will be promptly stopped. This arrangement does no injustice to our patrons, while it will protect us from the impositions of soulless scoundrels, and enable us to devote more attention to our paper.

Recognizing the principle that contracts to be satisfactory should be fraught with mutual benefit to both parties, and as money in large amounts, *in advance*, is of more value to us than when received in driblets, as an inducement to numbers who would otherwise discontinue, as well as to those who have never yet taken the paper, we offer it at the following low rates for the coming year:

1 copy, one year		$1 50
10 copies "	($1.25 per copy)	12 50
20 " "	($1.00 per copy)	20 00

and all above 20 at the same rate—$1 per copy.

The money must, *in all cases*, accompany the order.

By the above it will be seen that our paper is emphatically the cheapest in the county.—As to its merits we leave it to the public to decide. We earnestly request our friends throughout the county to "give us a lift," as we have no doubt each of them can readily obtain a club in their neighborhood.

CANVASSERS WANTED.—Several energetic business men wanted to canvass the county for subscribers to the *Tribune*. A liberal per centage will be allowed.

Select Miscellany.

Postponing a Goose.

I took a passage in one of the packet-ships that run between Mobile and New York. She was commanded by a sharp fellow, who was interested in making the trips as profitable as possible. As a general thing, a meaner table was never provided in a cheap boarding-house.

During the passage, we were becalmed one day on a part of the coast which was excellent fishing ground; and the captain, with the view of saving a dollar or two, ordered the men to get out their fishing tackle and try their luck. This was done and a quantity of the finny tribe were soon transferred from their aqueous abode to the deck of the ship.

The captain enlarged upon the delicacy of the fish, and closing by asking, 'what say you to a fish dinner to-day, ladies and gentlemen?' Every body said, by all means!'

Attached to the ship was a negro cook called Centaur.

'Centaur?' cried the captain.

'Aye, aye, sa!'

'Cook a mess of fish for the passengers' dinner; and d'ye hear, postpone that goose?'

'All right sa!'

Centaur seemed troubled, and scratched his wool vigorously. 'What de mean by cooking de fish an' postponin' de goose? I ben on several voyages, if not more—I ben in big hotels an' little hotels, man an' boy, for eber so long if no longer dan dat; and dis is the fust time I eber heard ob *postponin'* a goose! Deres pickin' a goose, an' drawin' a goose, and bakin' a goose, an' boilin' a goose, but *postponin'* a goose I didn't belieb dat eben Mrs. Glass, de great cook dey talk 'bout hearn ob it. It must be done dough. Wonder if Jimmy Ducks eber heard of it? He knows everything.

Just as Centaur concluded, Jimmy and two others of the crew passed the gallery door, and the bewildered cook anxiously inquired of the oracle if he knew how to 'postpone a goose?'

'De case is dis, ye see. Cap'n says to me jis now, say he, 'cook a large mess ob fish for de passengers dinner to-day an' postpone de goose.' Now, dat is jis wat dis here nigger can't git through his wool, no how, what postponin' a goose is!'

'Oh!' said Jimmy, winking at his companions, 'that is easy enough. I thought every fool knowed that.'

'I thought so too,' an' so I say to myself. 'Jimmy Ducks'll know.'

'Well, you see,' said Jimmy looking serious; 'it isn't a common way of cooking a goose, but ven it is served up after fish, at the noblility's dinners, they postpone it. Now, this is the mode:—After drawin' the bird, stuff it with a mixture of 'and boiled eggs, chopped fine, onions, ditto; apples ditto; biscuit pounded into bits, and portions of a fish previously browned on the fire. Then put the goose into the pot, boil it for 'alf an 'our, place it in the oven, and bake it for 'alf an 'our; then put it on your spit, roast it until done and serve it with gravy.'

Centaur listened with attention, and nothing upon the tablet of his brain all Jimmy's directions, started for the gallery highly elated.

Dinner time arrived, and Centaur won honors by the style in which he served the fish. Dish after dish appeared; and when every one supposed the meal to be concluded, another dish was placed before the captain, who upon removing the cover, to his indignation, discovered the goose! His wrath was not to be suppressed, and in a passion, he shouted—'Send that infernal cook aft.'

Centaur entered the cabin very good humoredly, having no suspicion of anything wrong, and was startled by the question—

'What do you mean, scoundrel, by disobedience of orders?'

'Beyed orders, sa; done jest what you said sa.'

'Obeyed orders, you rascal? Didn't I tell you to postpone the goose?'

'Course you did, sa; and I did it.'

'Did what?' shouted the captain.

'Postponed de goose, sa, cordin' to directions.'

The passengers saw the joke, and burst into a laugh. The captain was somewhat mortified and requested Centaur to explain himself.

'Well, sa,' said he, 'you ordered me to cook de fish and postpone de goose. Now, I nebber postponed in all my life, an' on course didn't know nothing 'bout it; but Jimmy Ducks 'lighten me on de subjick, an' I foller exactly his description. I had trouble enough; don't wan't to postpone anoder no how.'

Everybody laughed at Centaur's explanation, and even the captain smiled.

'Be off, you blockhead!' he said, 'and send Jimmy Ducks here.'

The darkey was off in a twinkling, and there being some curiosity as to this new style of cooking, we tried the goose, but could not tell whether we were eating fish, flesh, or fowl. Jimmy soon appeared and was compelled to repeat the direction he had given to the cook, forgiveness only being extended to him on the condition that he should eat the whole of the goose. The punishment was not very severe, for in fifteen minutes nothing but a skeleton remained of that goose.

'My heyes!' was his exclamation when he had completed the task; 'if that's a postponed goose, I vish the cap'n ud 'ave one postponed every week. The dressin' 'owsoever, might be waried' so as to be a leetle more palatable.'

A Race with a Widow.

Merciful Jehosaphat and big onions, what a time I've had with that widder.—We chartered an omnibus for two, on Christmas, and started. Widder, said I, where shall be go to? She blushed, and said she didn't like to say. I told her she must say.

'Well Jehuel, if you insist upon it, and I am to have my choice, I had rather go to church.'

'What for, widder?' said I.

'Oh, Jehuel how can you ask me?'

'Cause I want to know,' said I.

'Well—(blushing redder than beef)—it is such cold weather now, and the nights are so cold, and ——oh, Jehuel, I can't stand it!'

'Oh, pshaw, widder, spit it out; what do you mean?'

The widow riled. She biled right over like a quart of milk on the fire, and burst out with—

'If you can't understand me you're a heartless brute, so you are.'

'Hold your horses!' said I. 'What's all this about! I'm not a brute, nor never was: and if a man called me that I'd boot him, sure.'

And then I biled right over, and unbuttoned my coat collar to keep me from bustin' off my buttons. The widder saw I was going to explode, or else collapse my wind pipe, and she flung her arms round my neck, and put her lips to mine, and cooled right down.

'Jehuel, dear!' said she, in an insinuatin' way, and a voice as sweet as a hand organ, 'Jehuel, honey I wanted to go to church to get mar—no I can't say it all, you finish the word, Jehuel, sweet.'

'What word, marm?'

'Oh, you stupid Jehuel, dear. I mean the word married, love.'

'Married widder!' said I, did you mean that?'

'Indeed I did Jehuel, love!'

'Look here marm, my name isn't Jehuel Love, nor Jehuel Dear, nor Jehuel Sweet, I'd have you to know. And I won't get married to nobody but one, and you are not the she.'

Oh, pewter pennies, but didn't she rave? She made one dash at me, I dodged, and she went butt up against the upper end of the omnibus. Crash went her comb, and smash went that bran new bonnet that I didn't buy for her, and down she went with her face in the straw. But in a moment she rose again, and made one more dash at me, I dropped—she went over me and butted the door of the omnibus, and out she went—her gaiter boots higher than her head as she struck the pavement.

'Drive on!' I yelled to the driver.

'Woman overboard!' cried a passing sailor.

'Stop that White Coat—breach of promise—reward—Herald—publish,' shrieked the widder in tone of mortal agony, while tears of blood streamed from her beautiful pug nose.

'Drive on! drive on!' I shouted.

'Where to?' asked the driver.

'To the devil—to Harlem—to Macomb's Dam—anywhere, so we escape matrimony and the widder.'

'He started, so did the widder, and then we had it up the avenue, the buss having the start of about a hundred yards. Foot to foot and widder gained. Thinks I, Jehuel, you are a goner, I thought it best to lighten ship. So first I hove overboard the straw. Still she gained on me. Then overboard went the cushions. But still she gained.

'More steam driver, for mercy's sake!' I yelled.

'We are going faster than the law allows now,' he answered. 'Thirteen miles an hour.'

Jehosaphat, how the widder run; she hove off her bonnet and came up hand over hand. A thought struck me, and so I off with my white coat and flung it right down in her path. She sprang on it like a she panther, and tore it to pieces. Oh, how they flew. I wept to see it go but life is sweeter than a coat, and my tailor is making me a new one. Here we gained full two hundred yards, but on she came again. Once more I could see the green in her eyes—Merciful Moses how I felt.

'Driver,' said I, "kill them horses or get another mile out of them.'

'Will you pay for 'em?' he said.

'Yes, yes,' said I, 'only save me from the widder.'

By crackey, we did slide; the widder no longer gained, but she held her own beautifully. Thus we had it—out past the Red House—through Harlem—where Capt. Graham, with three mounted police men, in vain attempted to catch us, he probably supposing that we were running away with some bank fund.

My only hope was in reaching Degroot's ahead of her, for I knew they would hide me. We were on the bridge, and oh, Moses, the draw was up, and a sloop going through.' 'Driver,' said I, 'Jump that bridge and I'll make your fortune for life, as sure as you're born.'

'I'll do it or die,' he cried. And he did it. The widder jumped after us, fell into the Harlem river, and hasn't been heard of since.

Revolutionary Anecdote.

The following revolutionary anecdote is related in the Virginia Illustrated.

In one of Tarleton's marauding expeditions in the interior of Virginia, his troops stopped to breakfast at the plantation of old Major Hardy, the father of the present squire. All those of the household who drew the sword were with the armies of their country, but they had by no means carried with them all their pluck and patriotism.

The good lady received her visitors with so much spirit that it seemed she still considered her house her own, and she still appeared to give with haughty hospitality what her unwelcome guests would have taken as a matter of course. The officers who breakfasted in the house were awed into respect by her manner, and her houses and barns were spared a fate that befel many others. But the passage of such a troop was like the visit of the locusts of Egypt. Fodder stacks had disappeared, granaries were emptied, meat houses rifled, piggery and poultry yards silent as the grave. The matron contemplated the devastation with swelling indignation. All gone—all. If they had been Washington's troopers she would have gloried in the same sacrifice; but to be forced to feed the host of the oppressor—to give nourishment and strength to those who might soon meet her husband and sons in battle—that was hard indeed.

The negroes had returned from their hiding places and stood grouped around, with eyes fixed upon their mistress, but not daring to break the silence. Presently an old Muscovy drake crept out from beneath the corn house where he had taken refuge during that reign of terror.—The sight of this solitary and now useless patriarch was the feather that broke the camel's back; the matron's patience gave way under it.

'Jack,' she screamed, 'catch that duck.' With the instinct of obedience Jack bounded upon the wheezing waller. 'Now mount that mare; mount instantly!' With countenance of ashy hue and staring eyes, Jack obeyed the order.

'Now ride after the troopers, ride for your life. Give my compliments to Col. Tarleton—mind, to none e's—the officer on the black horse—give him my compliments and tell him your mistress says he forgot to take that duck.'

Away went the messenger at full speed after the retreating cohorts.

* * * * * *

'Well, Jack, did you deliver that message?'

'Sartin, Missus.'

'To Col. Tarleton himself?'

'Sartin, Missus.'

'And what did he say?'

'He put duck in he wallet, and say he much obliged.'

Hotel Affairs.

A gentleman away off in Arkansas, who had been stopping at a cross country tavern about two weeks, writes to a friend about the manner in which "hotel affairs" are conducted. He says:

The regulations of the house are written in a bold, round hand, and tacked on to the door of each bed-room. The rules are rigidly enforced, and the slightest deviation is met with the penalty. Here they are:

1.—Gentlemen will black their boots before leaving their rooms, or they will not be admitted to the table, with an extra charge of a bit a meal.

2.—Gentlemen going to bed with their boots on will be fined a quarter for first offence, four bits for the second, and turned out and sued for their board for the third—the landlord holding on to the plunder.

3.—No person allowed to call twice for the same dish, without paying an extra bit.

4.—Any gentleman found going to the lady's rooms, will be fined five dollars, and perhaps turned out if the case is aggravating.

5.—All travellers are expected to treat before leaving the house—the landlord holding on to the plunder until he comes out.

6.—Loud snoring not allowed, and a fine of a bit for every offence.

7.—Country soap for washing given free, a bit a week for town soap.

8.—A half-dime will be charged for the privilege of the back porch, on shady afternoons.

9.—The landlord trusts that his boarders will observe the above rules, and say nothing, or the proper means will be taken to see that they do.

John White and Susan Black.

ANOTHER SENSATION STORY.

BY C SCISSORS, JR.

CHAPTER I.—PRELIMINARY.

We know a good story. It is true. All the incidents happened very much as we shall relate. The moral is unexceptionable. It is about John White and Susan Black.

CHAPTER II.—READ IT.

John White was raised on a rough, rocky farm, in the State of Connecticut. Susan, ditto. John knew something about hard work. So did Susan. John had a mechanical genius. Susan had not. A neighbor of John's having emigrated to a smart manufacturing village in the State of New York, wrote to John that he would give him twenty dollars a month. John went.

CHAPTER III.—MARVELOUS.

John saved his wages. His employer engaged in merchandise, and put John into the store. In process of time Mr. Smith (for such was the name by which John's employer was known) went to the West. John bought him out. John White became a merchant on his own account. He was reported to be worth four or five thousand dollars.

CHAPTER IV.—THE GIRLS.

There were young ladies in those days. And beautiful, dashing damsels they were, too. Of some half-a-dozen, it was hard to tell which was the belle of the town. Certain it was that each strove to out-do and outshine all others in the matter of general accomplishment and particular blandishments. They all sang sweetly, danced gracefully, read novels tearfully, played the piano prettily, and traded at John's store. 'Mr. White,' for thus he was addressed by the ladies aforesaid, waited on them personally. His clerk could never explain the goods satisfactorily. John was all politeness. His very nature was to please his customers. Therein he found his advantage.

CHAPTER V.—THE VISIT.

John White has occasion to visit the land of his nativity. It was known all through the village that he was to be absent for a few days. On the evening preceding his departure he was tendered a complimentary party. He accepted. All the ladies who had distinguished themselves as his most faithful and persevering customers were present. They were dressed splendidly. They put on their sweet smiles. They were positively charming to behold. John felt as happy as a man can feel and live.

CHAPTER VI.—THE RETURN.

John was absent just three days. He returned accompanied with a young lady. Good help was scarce, and it was known that his boarding-house keeper was greatly in need of a trusty and industrious servant. John's companion evidently was not Irish. Perhaps she was a sister, or cousin, or some plain farmer's daughter who had come on a visit? John and his companion had not been very long in the store before he was congratulated on his safe return by nearly all the marriageable females of the place. He received them most graciously. Indeed, he looked so happy that each supposed, when he so cordially grasped her hand (as his manner was,) that he was surely in love now, if never before. John did mean something, no doubt.

CHAPTER VII.—THE CATASTROPHE.

So soon as order was restored, John presented his companion. 'Shall I have the pleasure to introduce to these good ladies, my friend—she that was Miss Susan Black, now Mrs. White?' Some folks looked thunder-struck. All soon retired, with as little noise and confusion as could have been expected under the circumstances.

CHAPTER VIII.—THE UPROAR.

Hard things were said of John for the space of three weeks. The whole village was scandalized. It was a living shame for John to throw himself away. It was a disgrace to all the people to bring such a 'no better than she should be' into the place, when there were so many, twice as accomplished, and four times as well dressed, and who could be had for the asking.

CHAPTER IX.—THE WINDING UP.

Disappointment lurks in many a prize. What can't be cured must be endured—It is of no use to cry for spilled milk. Though John's wife was not handsome, she was, in the language of Solomon, the wise man, 'a good thing.' John and his wife lived happy together, and prospered in their business. And it was not many months after their marriage, when the very same ladies who were so indignant at John's choice, and who had even called John's wife 'a white-washed black-bird,' became very frequent visitors to her house. Certain it is that not one of them ever declined an invitation to tea.

☞ "Why are there so few convicts in the Michigan penitentiary this year?" asked Sam's friend, a day or two since. "Why," said Sam, "they send them by the Pontiac Railroad, and their time expires before they get there.

Speech of Logan, the Mingo Chief.

It is now the question with some, whether BANCROFT, in the forthcoming volume of his history, will retain or discard the celebrated speech of LOGAN, the Mingo Chief.

A correspondent to the New York *Evening Post* states that the subjoined is an exact and literal copy of the speech which was presented to General EUSTACHE by Lord DUNMARE, the Governor of Virginia before whom it was delivered by LOGAN. It is now, we believe, considered a settled historical fact, that Col. CRESAP had nothing to do with the murder of LOGAN'S family—who the guilty person was, has not yet been ascertained.

"My cabin, since I first had one of my own, has ever been open to any white man who wanted shelter; my spoils of hunting, since I first began to range these woods, have I ever freely imparted to appease his hunger and clothe his nakedness; but what have I seen? what! but that at my return at night, and laden with spoil, my numerous family lie bleeding on the ground, by the hands of those who had found my little hut a certain refuge from the inclement storm; who had eaten my food and covered themselves with my skins. What have I seen? but that those dear little mouths, for which I had sweated the live long day, when I returned at eve to fill them, had not one word to thank me for my toil!

What could I resolve upon? My blood boiled within me, and my heart leaped up to my mouth, nevertheless I bid my tomahawk be quiet, and lie at rest for that war, because I thought that the great men of your country sent them not to do it. Not long afterwards, some of your men invited our tribe to cross the river and bring their venison with them; they, unsuspicious of design, came as they had been invited; the white men then made them drunk, killed them, and turned their knives even against the women. Was not my sister among them? Was she not scalped by the hands of that man whom she had taught how to escape his enemies, when they were scenting out his track? What could I resolve upon? My blood now boiled thrice hotter than before, and thrice again my heart leaped up to my mouth; no longer did I bid my tomahawk to be quiet, and lie at rest for that war, because I no longer thought the great men of your country sent them not to do it. I sprang from my cabin to avenge their blood, which I have fully done this war, by shedding yours from your coldest to your hottest sun: thus revenged I am now for peace, and have advised most of my countrymen to be so too—nay! what is more, I have offered and still offer myself as a victim, being ready to die if their good require it.

Think not that I am afraid to die, for I have no relations left to mourn for me. *Logan's blood runs in no veins but these*—I would not turn on my heel to escape death, for I have neither wife, nor child, nor sister to howl for me when I'm gone.

'IS FATHER HERE.'—A young man came into a city station house yesterday afternoon, and inquired: 'Is father in here?' I do not know: what is his name? said the lieutenant on duty. The name was given, and the record exhibited it, with 'drunk and disorderly' attached as the charge.

'Can I see him a moment—he is my father?' was the response, and the young man was conducted to the iron cage where the father had been confined since morning, now sobered and in his right mind. 'Father,' said the visitor, '*Jane is dead!*' And the young man choked at the sentence, while the strong nerved father vented his grief in tears and loud expressions of sorrow.

While the sister and daughter lay upon her dying bed the father had indulged in liquid potations that dethroned reason, and had been arrested and confined in the station house. The son asked for his release, and the kind hearted officers opened his prison door, and with a word of comfort and warning set him free.

☞ 'Ah!' said Mrs. Partington, as she stood looking at the placards stuck all over the front of a store, advertising 'damaged goods for sale.' It was not a big B like those which doctors begin their prescriptions with, but the simple ejaculation 'ah!' and as she said it, people going along listened to hear what she had to say. 'This,' continued she, running along like a wheelbarrow, 'is what is meant by Mr. Jaqueths where he says 'sweet are the uses of advertisements,' but, and here she butted against the word 'damaged,' making two sylables of it, with a profane construction on the first, that made her hold up her hands in unqualified horror. 'But though the goods are aged, I don't see the need of putting it quite so strong—so much stronger than the goods are, I dare say.' Ike here pulled at her sleeve, at the same time kicking a big dog on the nose, who was smelling at her 'ridicule,' and the old lady moved on amid the crowd.—*Boston Post.*

☞ In what does the American Indian differ from a modern lady? The one *whoops* in time of battle, the other *hoops* in time of peace.

The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1858.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

Editorial Correspondence.

PHILADELPHIA, April 23, 1858.

We arrived here about 12½ o'clock on last Tuesday evening, and in accordance with our usual custom, directed our steps to the "States Union Hotel," on Market street, above Sixth, and put ourself under the care of its popular proprietor, George W. Hinkle, Esq. After a refreshing night's rest, we stowed away a hearty breakfast in our "bread-basket," and then went "bobbin' around to see the "sights."—We called around on several of our old friends, and found them not only looking well, but also prospering better than the hard times justified. Among the rest we called on our correspondent, "SIGMA," and found him none the worse for his literary efforts for the *Tribune*. He is a clever, agreeable young fellow, and is well posted up in everything pertaining to the city and city life. After agreeably spending the forenoon among our old friends, we returned to our quarters, and partook of a sumptuous dinner, after which we wended our steps towards Musical Fund Hall, to meet our brethren of the Quill and Scissors in council. We found, on arriving there, however, that the convention had taken but a short session, and had adjourned till 3½ o'clock.

Determined to be on hands at that time, we paid good heed to the chronicle of old father Time, which luxuriated in our breeches pocket, and punctual to the hour presented ourself at the Hall, and was duly admitted to the council chamber, where was convened the assembled wisdom of Pennsylvania. On entering, we found Mr. R. Lyle White, of the *Erie Constitution*, in the chair, and Messrs. L. H. Davis, of the Montgomery *Ledger*, and M. H. Cobb, of the Tioga *Agitator*, acting as Secretaries. The following delegates were in attendance:—

Morton McMichael, North American.
L. A. Godey, Lady's Book.
J. W. Forney, The Press.
Col. Thos. Fitzgerald, City Item.
C. J. Peterson, Peterson's Magazine.
Lloyd Jones, Norristown Herald and Free Press.
Wm. W. Ard, Frankford Herald.
Maj. Freas, Germantown Telegraph.
M. Augee, Norristown Republican.
E. B. Rauch, Manch Chunk Gazette.
J. H. Puleston, Pittston Gazette.
M. Hannum, Lehigh County Democrat.
Jos. S. N. Young, Erie City Dispatch.
D. W. Shryock, Greensburg Herald.
Dr. H. B. Brower, Montour American.
James M. Keuster, Lawrence Journal.
Palemon John, Columbia County Republican.
John M. Laird, Greensburg Argus.
George W. Pierce, West Chester Republican.
Y. S. Walter, Delaware County Republican.
George Raymond, Blair County Whig.
William E. McLaughlin, Mechanicsburg Gazette.
John J. Patterson, Harrisburg Telegraph.
M. H. Cobb, Tioga Agitator.
R. L. White, Erie Constitution.
L. H. Davis, Montgomery Ledger.
R. Shelton Mackenzie, of the Press.
Alexander Cummings, Evening Bulletin.
Theophilus Fiske, Evening Argus.
T. S. Reed, Blairsville Americam.
A. J. Greer, Juniata Register.
J. R. Coolbaugh, Jersey Shore Republican.
William M. Allison, Altoona Tribune.
L. L. Tate, Columbia Democrat.
C. L. J. Painter, Muncy Luminary.

At the morning session a committee had been appointed to report business for the Association. At the afternoon session two reports were handed in. The majority reported in favor of adjourning to meet at Pottsville, on the 11th of May, in conjunction with the Keystone Editorial Association, a new organization, as a State Society. The minority reported in favor of immediate action, as the Keystone Association was a sectional organization.

After considerable debate, *pro* and *con*, by the members of the Association, on motion of Col. Forney, both reports were withdrawn, and the whole subject referred back to the committee, with instructions to report at the "Festival" in the evening, after which the convention adjourned.

We then took a short stroll down town to see the Firemen's Parade, which was the largest one we ever saw. Some forty companies dressed in their best "bib and tucker," were in line. The parade was got up in honor of the reception, by the Washington Fire Company, of a new engine, constructed in Baltimore. To the credit of the Philadelphia Firemen, be it said, the parade passed off in a most orderly manner.

Punctual to the hour of six, (we always are punctual when dainties are on the carpet,) we presented ourself at Petry's Restaurant, on Walnut street, to participate in the "Festival" got up by our friends of the city Press. Shortly after our arrival the Association was called to order, to hear and act on the report of the committee. The following was the report:

Whereas, When the Convention assembled it was found that there existed two organizations—each claiming to be a State organization, one called the Keystone Editorial Union, and the other the Editorial Association of Pennsylvania—therefore it is deemed best to merge both organizations into one, and to invite co-operation from all the fraternity in Pennsylvania for the purpose: therefore,

Resolved, That the name of this organization shall be the Pennsylvania Editorial Union.

2d. Its officers shall consist of a President, eight Vice Presidents, a Treasurer, five Secretaries, and one Corresponding Secretary.

3d. There shall be an executive committee of five, to which shall be referred all details of organization, which committee shall be appointed by the chair.

4th. The first annual meeting of the Union shall be held on the third Wednesday in June, 1858, in the city of Philadelphia, and that the corresponding secretary be directed to give notice of said meeting to every editor in the State.

We suggest the following persons as the officers to be elected:

President—Morton McMichael.

Vice Presidents—Levi L. Tate, John J. Patterson, R. Lyle White, Joseph P. Barr, P. R. Frens, H. S. Evans, O. N. Worden, Edward Skull.

Treasurer—Louis A. Godey.

Secretaries—J. Henry Puleston, J. M. Kuester. Geo. Raymond, J. H. Davis.

Corresponding Secretary—C. J. Peterson.

Executive Committee—Col. John W. Forney, J. Lawrence Getz, E. H. Rauch, J. Heron Foster, and Dr. H. B. Brower.

On motion, the report of the committee was unanimously received and adopted.—The Association then adjourned to the "Festival" Chamber. But at this stage of the proceedings (the most interesting of the whole,) we are compelled to pause, lest we may not do them full justice. * *

Well, we have considered the matter over, and concluded not to attempt such a superhuman task, as failure alone would reward our efforts. We shall, therefore, content ourself by merely stating that the banquet was a most sumptuous one and reflected the highest credit on the members of the city Press, by whom it was got up. After the cloth was removed, speeches were made by the President, Morton McMichael, Esq., Dr. R. Shelton McKenzie, L. A. Godey, Esq., Col. Fitzgerald, and a number of others. It was emphatically a "feast of reason and flow of soul:" Wit and humor abounded, the former as keen and sparkling as the champaigne, (almost forgot the "Heidsic," although we didn't that evening.) At about 11½ o'clock the "Festival" was brought to a close, and the delegates retired to their respective quarters, in the best of humor with themselves and the whole company, and determined to be present at the next session of the Association in June, ready and willing to lend their efforts to make the "Old Keystone" what she ought to have been long since, the first Commonwealth in the Union.

Since then little of any interest has transpired. Everybody here is cursing the action of Mr. English, in regard to Kansas affairs. His political reputation is dead.

Politics are now nearly up to a fever heat, the city tickets being the grand theme of conversation. From the indications manifested, we believe the "Peoples' Ticket" will be triumphantly elected.—Mayor Vaux, Bill McMullin, and their compeers, will have to take a back seat, unless they can succeed by ballot-box stuffing, which, judging from their reputations, they will no doubt attempt on a most extensive scale.

Last evening, in company with "mine host" of the "States Union," Mr. Jacob Szink, of Altoona, and Mr. Stevenson, of Mifflin, we visited Shawnee Tribe, No. 8, I. O. R. M., at its wigwam, corner of 4th and Walnut, and spent the evening in a pleasant manner. The Shawnee boys know how to put a pale face through, and how to treat friends and brothers. Talking of Red Men, we are reminded that the order is in a most flourishing condition, and is rapidly extending. It is a good order and cannot be extended too widely.

To-day we visited the Navy Yard, and took a view of matters and things there. The old "Congress" was in process of being placed in the Dry Dock for repairs, &c. The new steam sloop "Lancaster," is on the stocks, with a full compliment of hands hammering away at her. There is also a small craft, designed for a "light boat" on the stocks, in process of building.

We cannot close this long, rambling epistle without paying a just tribute to our hospitable landlord, G. W. Hinkle, Esq. We have ever found him a perfect gentleman, one who knows how to treat his guests right, and to make their sojourn while under his care, comfortable and agreeable. As evidence of this fact, we may merely say, that his house (a large and commodious one, by the way,) is always well filled with first-class patrons.—We know of no house in this city that we would prefer to his, and others seem to think in the same way, for whoever stops with him once, is sure to call again. It may well be said of the "States Union" and its gentlemanly and accommodating proprietor, that it is a house,

"Wherein he them (his guests,) full fair did entertain,
Not with such forged shows as fitter been
For courting fools, that courtesies would faine,
But with entire affection and appearance plain."

We trust our friends will remember the House, and be sure to give it a call, when they visit this city. They certainly will, if they value comfortable quarters and moderate charges.

We shall leave to-night by the Express train for home. Till then, *au revoir*.

A.

SHOCKING MURDER.—On Thursday last, the body of a young man was found floating in the Schuylkill, a short distance above the Market Street Bridge, Philadelphia. On removing it from the water it was found to be the body of Mr. John E. Clark, a young merchant in Philadelphia, who had been missing since the previous Saturday, on which day he had had some $400 on his person, with which he purposed lifting a couple of notes in bank. On examining the body the throat was found to be cut from ear to ear. The watch of deceased was in his vest pocket, but the chain had been cut. Little or no money was found upon his person. The Coroner, with a jury, is now busily engaged taking testimony, and will leave no means unspared, to ferret out the perpetrator or perpetrators of this hellish crime. That the deceased was foully murdered no one doubts, although at first it was supposed that he might have committed suicide. He leaves a young widow to mourn his untimely fate, who together with his aged mother are well nigh distracted. We hope that justice, in this case, will neither slumber nor sleep.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—The May number of this interesting and popular monthly is already on our table. It contains, as usual, abundance of excellent reading matter, which is designed not only to instruct, but also to amuse. It is a regular treasure, a perfect library in itself. We cordially commend it to the attention of all who can appreciate a high order of literature. Terms $3 a year; 2 copies $5. Address Phillips, Sampson & Co., Boston.

P. S. We will furnish any one who desires it with 1 copy of the Atlantic, and 1 copy of the *Tribune*, for one year, for $3.50.

☞ The Standard-man and his friend, the "pedagogue" have "backed right down" before the *proof* we furnished them last week. But true to their nature, while doing so, they profess to have annihilated us. Poor souls, they need some comfort after their overwhelming overthrow, and as their belief can by no means controvert the facts of the case, we can afford to be generous enough to allow them to believe so. The Mur(ky)ray has been completely extinguished, and will shine no more on our devoted heads. "Alas! poor Yorick!"

☞ The papers and correspondence between Lord Napier and the Secretary of State, relative to the slave trade, called for by the Senate, are now before that body, and ordered to be printed. Mr. Cass discourses with much force, and with the slightest spice of ridicule, the new scheme of forced labor called apprenticeship, or of involuntary emigrants, by the French Government, and recognized by the British Government. In conclusion, he says: "I am instructed by the President to inform your Lordship that, while he is determined to execute the treaty of 1842 with fidelity and efficiency, he is not prepared, under existing circumstances, to enter into any new stipulations on the subject of African slave trade."

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.

A few Plain Words to a Whiskey Distiller.

ARCH SPRING, April 17, 1858.

DEAR SIR:—I am going to speak a few words to you, in this public manner, in hopes of gaining your attention to a subject which is of vital importance both to you and to the rising generation. In doing so I am actuated by no motives save those of a benevolent character. If, in the course of my remarks, I should say anything that sounds harshly to your ears, you will please consider the fearful importance of the subject, and receive it in the same spirit in which it is given. In speaking to an aged man I feel that I should reverence him and say nothing that would offend; therefore, I almost shrink from the task; but duty calls and I must obey.

You are aware that you have erected near this place a Whiskey Distillery, you have it now completed, and have already made some of the poisonous beverage; it is the only place in this beautiful and fertile valley that furnishes the vile stuff: you know too, that there are a great many young men here and elsewhere, who are just forming their characters for life. You know also, that we are an industrious, persevering and prosperous people; the evil effects of whiskey are known to us all:—if these facts are not sufficient to arouse every human feeling within us—to nerve the arm with sinews of steel—to stay impending ruin—I know not what could be. As I address you I know that I am speaking to a *professor* of the religion of Christ, and therefore, think that you will not "set down aught in malice." I believe you are a Deacon too, which fact suggests Paul's injunction to my mind, that "The Deacons must be grave, not given to much wine, not greedy of filthy lucre; holding the mystery of the faith in a pure conscience." The same apostle speaking of Deacons, says: "Let them be blameless." Now come, "let us reason together." You confess that you have located a Distillery in our midst. What for? To speed your neighbors on their way to heaven? You must answer no. To make them respectable and happy here? No. To heal their infirmities, and lengthen out their lives? No. To dry the widow's tear and hush the orphan's sighs? A thousand times? No! Then what in the name of reason and humanity have you done it for? I think I hear you give a great many reasons, among which are the following: "I want to support myself and family; I want to make some money; surely there can be no harm in manufacturing an article which the people *will* have, even if *I* do not make it." You know the fallacy of such excuses as well as I do. From present appearances your object seems to be this: to satisfy the unnatural appetites of those around you; to lead the unwary into forbidden paths; to crowd as much misery and woe into this life as you can, and make the next a hell! Alas! how successful you will be! O Deacon! Deacon! is your heart of stone? Does it not yearn for the welfare of those you are about to injure? If it does, then stay your hand ere you strike the fatal blow. Already age has begun to silver o'er your brow and leave its traces there. You may think lightly *now* of your course or you may not think at all; but remember, the time is coming that will try your soul. "What will it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?" Now I have accomplished my duty—the subject is before you—your destiny with God. I have pitied you, Deacon, therefore I address you these lines in hopes that you may take warning from one in humble life, but who sees the gulf of misery yawning to receive your willing victims.

STANS.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, April 20, 1858.

MESSRS EDITORS:—If my communication is shorter than usual, this week, you must attribute it to the scarcity of news. The disagreeableness of the weather, the depression of business and the absence of all that is exciting and amusing, have contributed to make our town dull.

A part of Dan Rice's circus passed through this place on Wednesday last, on its way to Pittsburg to join the proprietor and the remaining portion of the company. The camel, the celebrated mules and the well trained elephant excited considerable attention especially among the juveniles. For perhaps an hour or two, these animals were the subjects of conversation. Those who were fortunate enough to see them, doubtless had some wonderful things to relate to those who were not so highly favored.

Many of our sportsmen have been exercising their skill among the numerous wild ducks at present to be found about the reservoir. Some, it is said, were successful in securing quite a number, and enjoying excellent sports.

The Hon. Samuel Calvin has been mentioned as a candidate for Congress.

The Union Prayer-meeting still continues with unabated, if not increased, interest. The room is always well filled. Last Sabbath the number was so great that the room in the second story of the Town Hall had to be used.—Here sectarianism is almost wholly buried. The union of christians heart with heart, is the great object. Having the same centre of love—one precious, beloved Saviour—one professed desire, the salvation of sinners, the different denominations should try to banish from their midst their differences and pray to God fervently, and it is trusted, from their hearts, that He would pour out His spirit and magnify His great and Holy name.

Notwithstanding the "hard times," a spirit of improvement is manifest among our citizens, in the erection of edifies and making additions, &c.

L. Maguire, Esq., has been appointed Collector, by the Pa. R. R. Co., for this place.

Dr H. T. Coffey has been appointed physician to the country poor house.

VERITAS.

BLAIRSVILLE, April 21, 1858.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—After a few circumambulations, I arrived in this county of coal mines, on Thursday after I left you. The trip was anything but pleasant on account of the rain, and indeed but little pleasure is found yet from the same cause.

I have been looking around some little since I have been here, and find this a very good country. Coal mines are predominant. Look where you will and you see coal. Ask a man about his farm and he tells you he has coal.—I find some very clever people here, and generally intelligent; and further, if I may be permitted to judge from the exhibition on Sabbath and Sabbath evening, they are a church going people.

There is one wheel out of gear, in this place, which you will at once perceive, when I relate the substance of a conversation which I overheard. It was that there are in this town *forty-five* widows, a majority of whom are yet on the "Sunny side," and *three hundred and twenty* marriageable young ladies, and I can assure you from sight that some of them are pretty.—On the other hand, there are only about fifty young gentlemen. Now do you not think this is a bad picture, and the figures, in the first score are yet to be increased by the ladies of the Seminary. O! what a heaven for the young patriots of America, who wish to show their devotion to their country—and crinoline.

The female Seminary of Blairsville, is, from all I can learn, a very creditable institution, under the charge of Rev. Shepley.

I expected when I left home, to see the "elephant," but had no idea of meeting it so soon. On Thursday last. Dan Rice's stock, consisting of an elephant, camel and trick mules were here, but as they looked "rayther slim" they did not make a very showy appearance.

I met at church, on Sabbath last, an old friend, once a citizen of Altoona.—Samuel Yingling—looking as fresh as an oyster just out of water.

I feel thankful to "Leroy" for his very flattering notice of "Alpha" and "Mac." I have also a feeling of gratitude (over the left,) for "Stans." "A word to the wise," etc. More anon.

ALPHA.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, April 27, 1858.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The weather appears to be an all-absorbing topic of conversation. The damage it is likely to give the fruit, already in blossom, excites the alarm of many. Its singularity at this season of the year elicits expressions of surprise. He who "doeth all things well," and who rules on the earth by regulating the weather, will however, bring all things to their growth and development, if it appears good to Him and for the good of His creatures. Depending upon Him, we may expect the seasons in their order, and in that state which a kind Providence had ever extended to an obedient and reliant people.

The small pox, which had made its appearance at the Poor House, a few miles from town, is now confined to one victim. On last Wednesday, a young child died of this disease, being the second one that has gone to the grave from this cause, since the epidemic broke out in this building. It is hoped that its will continue thus to be confined, and that the remaining case will be speedily cured.

Our town was enlivened last week by the arrival of four chimney-sweeps, and a musician of the "first water," who performed excellently on that *machine* called a "hand-organ." The mellifluous, sonorous voice of the former while perched on some chimney, drew considerable attention from passers-by. It is so seldom that these *black* professors show the light of their countenance, that their merry songs and foolish jests, furnish considerable merriment, and attract more notice than they otherwise would.—The visits of the latter are more frequent, and are quite acceptable to the rising progeny, styled "youngsters."

A band of Gypsies, likewise appeared. An exalted honor, don't you think? An article going by the name of a Portable Fence, is on exhibition in town, and is gaining the favorable opinion of our citizens in behalf of its excellencies. Its cheapness, execution, construction, and advantages, render it far superior to any invention of the kind which has ever come under my observation. Perhaps it may be exhibited to your citizens, when they can examine and judge for themselves of its merits and curious mechanism.

Messrs. Gardner, Lloyd, Osterloh & Co., purpose starting their furnace again. Your readers will remember that this firm stopped operations several months ago, and their resumption at this time speaks well for their ability to make a "good thing" of it. In two weeks therefore, after the completion of some improvements, the gigantic movements of the machinery, the hot-blast, and all other necessary appurtenances of the furnace, may be expected to perform their specified labors in this establishment, and vast quantities of iron be the result.

Two political meetings are in contemplation to-night—the American Club, and the Republican organization. Instead of being thus separated, they ought, in my judgment, to be firmly and truly united. Perhaps, such may yet be the case; nevertheless, if anything important transpires in either, I hope to be able to communicate it next week.

The attendance on court is good, and the progress being made in the disposition of suits, &c., shows great likelihood of the transaction of considerable business at the present term. No case of great importance has yet appeared.

VERITAS.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Scandal will rub out like dirt when it is dry.

☞ Nonsense—Sense that happens to differ from your own.

☞ The shock of an earthquake was recently felt in Ashtabula, Ohio.

☞ Wanted, by a Dutch gardener, a journeyman cooper to head a cabbage.

☞ A favorite song just now—"I've no money," from the Loan of a Lover.

☞ If an enemy smite thee on one cheek, turn round and hit him a thundering clap for his unmannerly kindness.

☞ The newspaper publishers of Lehigh county have held a meeting and agreed to adopt the cash system in their business.

☞ What is the difference between a cat and a document? One has *claws* at the end of its *paws*, and the other has *pauses* at the end of its *clauses!!!*

☞ A Placerville loafer mistook a globe lamp with letters on it, for the queen of night, and exclaimed: "Well, I'm cussed if somebody hain't stuck an advertisement on the moon!"

☞ We notice that the bill has passed at Harrisburg, authorizing the transfer of the State stock on the books of the Bank of Pennsylvania to the Farmers and Mechanics' Bank.

☞ An exchange tells us of an editor who went soldiering and was chosen captain. One day at parade, instead of giving the orders, "Front face, three paces forward," he exclaimed "Cash two dollars a year in advance."

☞ In ancient days, the celebrated precept was "know thyself." In modern times it has been supplanted by the far more fashionable maxim: "Know thy neighbor, and everything about him."

☞ A German, named Jacob Kauff, was arrested and committed to jail in Pittsburg, a few days since, for attempting to outrage the person of his little daughter, aged seven years. He should be hung.

☞ Nothing opens up now-a-days without a chance for speculation. We notice that eastern publishers are advertising "Revival Hymns and Tunes," for sale in quantities "*very cheap*." It is all right, we 'spose, but it has a speculative look.

☞ Gen. Wm. Marks died at his home in Beaver last week. He was one of the oldest inhabitants of Western Pennsylvania; and held several distinguished political positions—having served in the State Legislature as Representative and Senator from 1810 to 1827; when he was elected to the United States Senate, in which body he served for six years. Thus making an unbroken period of twenty three years political service.

☞ We have seen many hard rubs in our day, and have known what it is to want money; but an old settler near Bloomington, Illinois, has seen the toughest times of any man we have ever heard of. He says the winter of 1830 was remarkable for the scarcity of money, so much so, that one man who was elected Justice of the Peace, couldn't raise enough to pay an officer for swearing him in, so he *stood up before a looking-glass and qualified himself*.

FORTUNE FAVORS THE BRAVE.—Man's life hangs upon the most brittle thread—so it is with fortune. A dime luckily invested, has often been the basis of an ample fortune, whilst years of toil and privation have been repaid with a meagre subsistence. How uncertain are all things earthly—a beggar to-day, a prince to-morrow. We have just learned some good news. A friend of our youth—a poor, God-forsaken printer—has drawn a prize of $16,000 in Swan & Co's Lottery, Augusta, Georgia. Bob, you're a lucky dog!—*Middleport (Ill.) Press.*

☞ Receipt for love-lorn swains and damsels.
Two or three dears and two or three sweets,
Two or three balls and two or three treats;
Two or three serenades giv'n as a lure,
Two or three oaths how much they endure;
Two or three messages sent in one day,
Two or three times led out from the play,
Two or three soft speeches made by the way;
Two or three tickets for two or three times,
Two or three love-letters writ all in rhymes,
Two or three months sticking close to these rules
Can never fail making a couple of fools.

☞ Doesticks—funny fellow—thus catalogues the comparative economy of the states of single and double blessedness:

Twice two "smashes" buys a box of hair-pins.
Twice three "cobblers" buys a pair of earrings (cheap.)
Twice four "lagers" buys a pair of gloves (female.)
Twice five "juleps" buys a breast-pin (female.)
Twice six "punches" buys a linen collar (female.)
Twice seven "ales" buys a pair of shoes (female.)
Twice eight "toddies" buys a calico dress, (with cloth enough for a basque and pantaletics.)
Twice nine "bitters" buys a summer bonnet, (and leaves a trifle towards the veil and trimmings.)
Twice ten "sangarees" buys a pair of stays, (machine-stitched, with patent eyelets and embroidered down the neck.)
Twice eleven "slings" buys a collar and under-sleeves, (and leaves a balance towards the fringe.)
Twice twelve "brandy straights" are good for a hooped skirt (light-house size,) two pairs of long stockings, and a parasol. And so on through, ending up with,
Twelve times twelve baskets of champagne pays house-rent for a year, and leaves a margin.

Last moments of Rev. Dudley A. Tyng.

The shadow which the death of the Rev. Dudley A. Tyng has thrown over this community seems to have deepened from the hour of its announcement. Stricken down in the very flower of his manhood, when to all appearances, the field of his usefulness was daily widening, and under circumstances so painful, the effect has been like a marvellous dispensation of Providence.

At the noonday meetings for public worship—with which Mr. Tyng's presence was peculiarly identified prior to the fatal accident—his death has become the absorbing theme. The closing scenes of his life, as described by one of his brethren in the ministry at the Jayne's Hall meeting, yesterday, was a most thrilling narrative, and seemed to move every heart present. Indeed, as the minister—who was an eye-witness to the scene—proceeded with his simple statement of the last words addressed by the dying man to those around him, all eyes were suffused with tears, and an uninformed stranger, entering the room, might have thought himself in a vast congregation of mourners.

From the time of the fatal accident to one hour previous to his death, Mr. Tyng had an unfaltering confidence in his recovery, and even conversed freely and hopefully upon what, as he believed, Providence had designed to teach him in the dispensation to which he was being subjected. He believed it was intended to promote his greater efficiency as a minister of the Gospel, and he looked forward with bright hopes when he should again be able to preach, and to preach as he had never done before. About one hour before his dissolution, his family, fearing that his hopes of recovery were groundless, approached him with the solemn intimation that in all probability he was soon to leave them. His physician entering the chamber at the instant, Mr. Tyng spoke to him of these fears. The doctor's reply was, that they were only too true—that his time was fast drawing to a close. The dying man, with the same heroic spirit which never forsook him through all his sufferings, received the solemn announcement with the utmost resignation, answering only, "Then, it is well—it is very well: God's will be done."

After a few moments of composure, he called his friends present and the members of his family to his bed-side, to bid them a last farewell. He thanked his physician, who is not a professing Christian, for his kind attention, warning him with great tenderness to lose no time in giving himself to that Saviour who was now sustaining him in the hour of trial. To each of his children he gave an affectionate farewell, hoping that, by the grace of God, and the care of a devoted mother, they might be early brought "to know their Saviour." To his wife, who has ministered to him with so much affection and fidelity, all through his illness, he included in his parting words the request, that she would use her endeavors to bring their boys up to the ministry. He was now to say farewell to his venerable father, the Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, D. D. Taking his aged parent by the hand, he said, with much earnestness, "*Stand up for Jesus!* father; *stand up for Jesus!* and tell my brethren in the ministry, wherever you meet them, *to stand up for Jesus!*"

At the close of this solemn ceremony, feeling that he was approaching his end, he requested those around him to sing a hymn. After a moment of silence, his own wife, notwithstanding the solemn circumstances under which this request was made, commenced singing the beautiful hymn—made doubly so by its appropriateness to the occasion—beginning,

"Rock of Ages, cleft for me,
Let me hide myself in Thee."

The hymn was sung, and even while the echoes of that mournful strain yet floated in the air, the spirit of Dudley A. Tyng took its flight to other and, as we have reason to believe, more blissful realms.

At the meeting in Jayne's Hall on Tuesday, a very singular fact was referred to in connection with Mr. Tyng's recent sermon in that hall, to an immense audience, from the text of Scripture, "*Ye that are men, go and serve the Lord.*" Toward the close of his eloquent discourse on that occasion, he asked pardon if he had said anything to offend his congregation, but adding, "I must tell my Master's errand, and I would rather that this right arm (placing his left hand upon it where it has since been amputated) were amputated at the trunk, than that I should come short of my duty to you in delivering God's message."

The bold anti-sectarian principles of Mr. Tyng, and the cordiality with which he fraternized with his brethren of all denominations, endeared him to the hearts of thousands. His funeral will take place this afternoon. It is understood that the body will be taken to Concert Hall prior to interment.—*Forney's Press.*

Foreign News.

The really important news, received at Halifax, yesterday, by the mail steamer, *Canada*, which brings English papers to the 10th inst., inclusive, is the fall of Lucknow, on the 15th of March. The vast British force was overpowering, and, when the latest despatches left India, the "rebels" were in full flight from Lucknow, the greater part of which was in the occupation of the British troops, with comparatively small loss to them. At Calcutta, however, alarm had been caused by the unfounded report of an outbreak in that city. For some time, indeed, it is to be apprehended that revolt will be, in India, like the famous Greek fire, which was no sooner extinguished in one place than it broke out in another.

There is certainly something very retributive in the fact that the chief Indian difficulties have taken place in the Kingdom of Oude, the "annexation" of which was the closing act of Lord Dalhousie's ambitious reign as Indian viceroy. Lucknow and Cawnpore, where the greatest troubles and most prolonged struggles took place, are the principal cities in Oude, and so recent has the "annexation" been, that it really is scarcely fair to bestow the name of Rebellion upon the endeavors of the natives in such localities, who had become impatient of the newly-imposed British yoke.

From Canton, the news is as late as February 27, and it is to the effect that the Chinese were preparing for an attempt to retake that city, then jointly occupied by the English and French; that further forces were demanded from the Allied Powers, the Anglo-French army being extremely small, and that no attempt would be made, this year, to proceed to Pekin—the only spot where the Allies, sword in hand, could bring the war to an end, by dictating terms to the Emperor.—*Forney's Press.*

HORRIBLE TRAGEDY.—A young lady in Iowa was shot by her lover last week. Her name was Harriet Siedler; his was Robert Schmidt. Both were Germans, living in Dodge County. The parties were engaged to be married about one year ago, and Schmidt had come over from St. Paul, Michigan, where he has resided, to fulfill the engagement; but the parents of the lady objected to the marriage, in consequence of which it was arrangod between the lovers that Schmidt should first shoot the young lady and then himself. He executed his design so far as the young lady was concerned, but failed to shoot himself on account of the loss of the cap on his gun. After failing in this, he threw himself in the river, but was rescued and arrested. The young lady expired on Sunday morning. She charged her parents with being responsible for the awful deed, and acquitted her lover of blame.

☞ The Pittsburg Conference of the M. E. Church, met at Cambridge, Ohio, on Wednesday. Bishop Baker, it is understood, will preside.

Altoona Tribune.

LOCAL ITEMS.

UNION DAILY PRAYER MEETINGS.—These meetings still continue, increasing both in interest and members. The Lecture rooms of the churches, though large, can scarcely accommodate the crowd; should the number be increased, the audience rooms will be thrown open. We hope this may be necessary.

The meetings are now held every night, for one week, in each church. The arrangement for the present is as follows:

At the Presbyterian Church, for the week ending May 1st.

At the Methodist Church, for the week ending May 7th.

At the United Brethren Church, for the week ending May 15th.

At the Lutheran Church, for the week ending May 22d.

At the Baptist Church, for the week ending May 29th.

All are earnestly and respectfully invited to attend. Come one! Come all! Come, if you can only stay *five minutes.*

GYPSIES.—During the latter part of last week, a number of these indolent, impudent, thieving creatures called a halt and pitched their tents in the neighborhood of this place, from whence they sallied forth to tell fortunes, beg and steal, and have no doubt made a "nice thing" of it. It is the same party that was encamped in the neighborhood of Huntingdon, a short time since. The following notice of the children accompanying the party, we copy from the Huntingdon *American*:—

"We notice amongst their number, on Saturday last, two little boys, whose feet were horribly disfigured, having but two toes on each foot—the large and small toes—the space between these being entirely out. These unfortunate little creatures are compelled to hobble from door to door and beg, so that their degraded and brutish parents can live in idleness. It is generally believed, that the feet of these children have been cut in the manner described, in order to awaken the sympathies of those they apply to for alms."

☞ If the old adage, that "a new broom sweeps clean," be true, then should our domicil present a tidy appearance for some time to come, for the reason that, on Saturday last, during one of those heavy snow-squalls, a good looking young man opened our door and with a pleasant "How-are-you," pitched in a handsome corn broom, following it with the welcome words "please accept," and we accepted. On examination we found it to be one of those celebrated articles manufactured by John A. Crawford, of Hollidaysburg. We have never seen a better article of the kind in this part of the country. We think our merchants might find it to their advantage to purchase brooms near home, instead of in the city.

DEFACING BILLS.—We do not know exactly whether it is owing to an inordinate development in the region of destructiveness, or an evil propensity superinduced some other way, that prompts the boys to tear down and deface handbills almost as soon as they are put up. Scarcely any opportunity is given for the public to know what is announced, before these notices are destroyed. If we are not mistaken, there is a general law, imposing a penalty upon those found guilty of such conduct. Should there be such a law we should like to see it enforced in this place. One or two examples would serve to deter others.

O YES! O YES!—Take notice one and all that "Joe Hileman" the inimitable "Joe" has just returned from Philadelphia, with a magnificent assortment of British, French and American Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware &c., which he and t'other "Joe" are now ready to sell CHEAP FOR CASH, or approved Country Produce. As "Joe" has adopted the Cash System (sensible fellow for that) he will sell all his goods at LOW rates, in fact, as low as they can be bought anywhere. Give him a call and judge for yourselves, and if you don't find the original "Joe," t'other "Joe" will be happy to serve you.

LOOK OUT!—Know all men by these presents that Chas. J. Mann, for, and in consideration of a sum or sums of money, to be hereafter fixed upon, is ready and willing to bestow upon any and everybody, who may so desire, a portion or portions of his splendid new assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, which he has just received. "Charlie" is a *Mann* by name and a *man* by nature and as he buys for CASH, he is enabled to sell at the lowest rates for the same. Give him a call and if he can't satisfy you as to quality and price you can't be pleased by anybody. That's all

BOCK BEER:—Mr. Ferdinand Nothwang informs the public, through our columns, that he will serve up Bock Beer the favorite German beverage, at his saloon under the Masonic Temple, on Saturday, the 1st inst. Lovers of the beverage will know now where to get it, but as for our part, we never before heard of it, and don't know what is. There are others, however, who are not so ignorant, and for them the notice is intended.

RESIGNATION.—Rev. Curtis, pastor in charge of the Lutheran congregation in this place, handed in his resignation some time since, and preached his farewell sermon on Sabbath week, Mr. C. was a very pleasant and agreeable gentleman and very intelligent, and we are sorry that he has found it necessary to dissolve his connection with the church in this place. We have not learned who is to be his successor.

NOTICE.—The communion of the Lord's Supper will be observed in the Presbyterin church of this place, on Sabbath next, (May 2.) The friends of sister churches, are invited to join in the privilege. Dr. Happer, returned missionary from China, will assist. A cordial invitation is given to the public to attend.

CLEANING STREETS.—We are pleased to observe that men are now at work upon the streets, cleaning out the gutters, &c. The work was much needed, and we hope it will not be discontinued until every part of the town has been attended to.

"Oh! not all the pleasure that poets may praise;
Nor the widdering waltz in the ball-room blaze,
Nor the chivalrous joust, nor the daring race,
Nor the swift regatta, nor merry chase,
Nor the salt high-heaving waters o'er,
Nor the rural dance on the moon-light shore,—"

can equal the pleasure derived by our citizens, especially the fair portion, in inspecting the large and varied assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, just received by J. & J. Lowther, at Ferree & Morrow's old stand. We may here state that their stock is one of the largest and most select ever brought to town, and they will sell them as cheap, if not a little cheaper, than any other firm in town. Call, inspect and judge for yourselves.

PRESBYTERIAN PARSONAGE.—Within the last few days, the yard surrounding the Presbyterian parsonage in this place has been closed in with a neat fence, a great variety of trees and flowers planted therein and the walks well sodded, giving it a neat and home-like appearance.—We are pleased to see our esteemed friend, Rev. A. B. Clarke, so comfortably situated, and hope he may live long to enjoy the fruits of his labor.

THE MANHEIM TRAGEDY.—H. Fettinger has now on hand, at his Literary Depot, the "Life and Trial, Confession and Execution, of Anderson and Richards" the murderers of Mrs. Garber and Mrs. Ream. The book is going off "like hot cakes." Every body who wants to know all about the murder, trial and execution of these wretches should get a copy. Price 25 cents.

For the Altoona Tribune.

To the Young Men of Altoona.

LETTER NO. 4.

Converse with our friends pleasant—Responsible for the influence we exert upon them—The coming half century—Who will make it what it is to be?—True liberty and "Young Americanism" contrasted.

My Young Friends—I am once more seated to the pleasant, but responsible task of writing you a weekly letter. It is pleasant to converse with those in whom we feel a deep interest, and if I know my own heart, you share largely in my affections and anxieties. But then I feel that I am accountable to my country and my Maker, for the impression which, through these communications, I may make upon your minds, and for the effect these letters may have upon your present habits, and your future characters. I feel, therefore, that I have taken upon me a weight of responsibility. My confident expectation, however, is, that you will candidly consider what I have to say, and if it commends itself to your better judgment, that your minds will be open to conviction therefrom. Any infirmities that may discover themselves, please overlook.

You all, no doubt, feel proud of your nationality, and well you may. For if the representation given in my last be just, and it certainly is, then your privileges and opportunities, are far above those of any other nation or country under Heaven. And the future destiny of our young Republic, if her principles be properly cherished, and their legitimate tendencies be untrammelled, can neither be predicted or imagined. It will unquestionably far outreach the brightest expectations of the most sanguine—As the man who, half a century since, would have been regarded as insane, could he have foreseen, and had he predicted the present condition of our country, her population, her internal improvements and the triumphs of science now displayed; so he who, if he could, predict the march of improvement for the coming half century, would be regarded as visionary and unworthy of credence. And who permit me to ask, is to push forward the present triumphs of Science and the Arts, and the principles of free government to such incredible results? Need I answer the question? You have no doubt already anticipated the answer, that, to the latent genius that lies slumbering in the breasts of American youth, we must look for the accomplishment of these ends. This genius is now being fostered, trained and matured. And just as it merges into active life, and is thereby called into exercise, its bright scintillations will sparkle round, and the triumphs of Science and our country's progress be pushed forward. And do not the young men of Altoona, share in these gifts of genius? Would you not, young friends, bear a part in the glories of your country's coming fame, and in the acquisitions of Science. Then, now is the time to set your stakes, to fix your habits, and commence to labor for this end. No man ever yet rose to usefulness and eminence without indefatigable exertion. You need not expect to be exceptions to this rule.

I would not for one moment intimate, young men, that any of you did not appreciate properly your privileges and opportunities, as American youth. But if you do, I have a right to expect, that you will show that appreciation, by a becoming use and improvement of them; and also an effort to transmit them to those who are to come after you. Remember that liberty is one thing, and licentiousness another. The one is the enjoyment freely of all our just rights civil and religious, and always implies certain wholesome restraints. The other is the gratification of our desires and appetites without regard to law. The one regards the liberty and the rights of others; the other takes for its rule self-gratification. True freedom is characterized by quietude, order, and is law-abiding. Licentiousness is insubordinate, riotous, and reckless. The former is Republicanism according to the spirit of '76; the latter is the "Young Americanism" of modern days The one tends legitimately to peace, harmony and the universal spread of liberty—the other grows into anarchy, and will in the end degenerate into slavery and tyranny of the worst kind. To the one young men, I exhort you—of the other I warn you. If you love your country and her free institutions, and would fulfil the responsibilities of your position, be peaceable, law-abiding citizens. Shun "Young America" as you would a dire contagion. That expression as now understood is the embodiment of insubordination and recklessness. It tends to subvert order wherever it prevails, and to pull down all wholesome restraint. It is just the opposite of true liberty. And if you would justly claim to be patriots, or philanthropists, you dare not encourage any such thing. There are some things in your present situation, which makes your danger in this direction particularly great. But of this more again. For the present, adieu.

Your very sincere friend,

T. N. K.

MINISTERIAL COURTESY.—The Springfield *Republican* says that a piquant correspondence has just passed between two clergymen, in a city where considerable religious awakening has taken place. In substance the correspondence ran as follows:

Baptist to Methodist Clergyman.

Dear Brother—I shall baptize some converts to-morrow; if any of your converts prefer to be baptized in our mode, I shall be happy to baptize them as candidates for your church.

Methodist to Baptist Clergyman.

Dear Brother—Yours received. I prefer to wash my own sheep.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—We would call your attention to the advertisement of Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, which appears in the columns of our present number.

From our long acquaintance with the proprietor, and with numerous individuals who have used his preparation with perfect success for the last two years, we feel no hesitation in recommending the article as superior to any of the preparations now in use for the same purpose, viz: for restoring gray hair to its original color, a sure and perfect cure for baldness, and a never-failing preventative for the failing of the hair.

It is decidedly the best and most popular in use for beautifying, preserving, restoring and strengthening the hair, relieving diseases of the skin, and removing scurfs, dandruff, and all eruptions and feverish heat from the scalp.

We speak in relation to the above from what we know, having been personally acquainted with numerous persons who have used the restorative for the above purposes with the most gratifying results.

It is not often we notice a patent medicine. Indeed, we think we have never puffed one before; but Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative is something so superior to most of the preparations of the day, that we cannot forbear asking the attention of our readers to it.—(*Catholic Vindicator.*

THE PANIC—MORE FAILURES.—The panic in New York seems to be on the increase. In this city everything goes on smoothly, and the only failures we have heard of were the failures to furnish good fits made by some inferior clothing establishments. There is no such difficulty to be encountered by those who patronize the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill and Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chesnut street, above sixth. Gentleman and youths never fail to procure capital fits at this popular establishment.

THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE.—One of the very best Cough Medicines to be found anywhere, is Dr. *Keyser's* Pectoral Syrup, sold by G. W. Kessler, at 50 cents per bottle.

☞ The stated Councils of the "WINNEBAGO TRIBE," No. 35, I. O. R. M., are held every Tuesday evening in the I. O. O. F. Hall, in the Masonic Temple. Council Fire kindled at 7½ run 7½ breath
June 25, '57–1y] A. EBERLE, *C. of R.*

☞ Time of the Closing and

Arrival of Mails at Altoona Post Office.

MAILS CLOSE.	
Eastern Way at	1 00 P. M.
Western " "	8 00 A.M.
Eastern Through Mail	8 00 "
MAILS ARRIVE.	
Eastern Through Mail,	8 35 A. M.
Western Way and Hollidaysburg,	1 40 P. M.
Eastern " "	7 15 "

Hollidaysburg mails close at 1.00 P. M. and 6,45 P. M., and arrive at 1,15 P. M. and 7,30 P. M.
June 4, '57–tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

☞ Time of Arrival and Departure of trains running on the Penn'a. Railroad, at Altoona station.

Express Train East arrives	2,48 A. M.,	leaves	2,55 A. M.
" " West "	8,36 "	"	8,55 "
Fast " East "	1,20 P. M.	"	1,30 P. M.
" " West "	9,50 "	"	10,00 "

ALTOONA WAY TRAIN leaves Altoona for Philadelphia at 6,15 A. M., and returning arrives at Altoona at 7,00 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express train West, Altoona Way Train East and West and with Fast Mail Train East.

The BLAIRSVILLE BRANCH connects with Johnstown Way Train East and West, Express Train West and Fast Mail Train East.
Dec. 21, '56–tf THOS. A. SCOTT, *Sup't.*

☞ A CARD—TO THE LADIES.—DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN FRENCH PILLS *are infallible in removing stoppages and irregularities of the menses.* These Pills are nothing new but have been used by the doctors for many years, both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case; and he is urged by many thousand ladies who have used them, to make the Pills public, for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities of whatever nature, as well as to prevent pregnancy to to those ladies who do not wish to permit an increase of family.—Pregnant females, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while pregnant, as the Proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition altho' their mildness would prevent any mischief to health; otherwise these Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1 per box. Sold wholesale and retail by G. W. KESSLER, General Agent for Altoona and vicinity. He will supply dealers at proprietor's prices, and send the Pills to ladies (*confidentially*) by return mail on receipt of $1 through the Altoona Post Office.

Each box has my signature, J. DUPONCO, New York.
Samuel Breslin, general agent for Tyrone City. [1y-27

ALTOONA MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY LOWTHER & M'DOWELL.

Flour—Superfine,	₱ bbl.	$5.25
" Extra,	"	$5,50
Corn Meal,	₱ cwt.	2,00
Buckwheat	₱ "	2,40
Potatoes,	₱ bush.	75
Apples,	₱ "	87
Butter,	₱ lb	22
Lard,	₱ "	14
Pork,	₱ "	06
Side,	₱ "	05
Eggs,	₱ doz.	16

PLAIN & LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

M'Lain & Lehr sell their Flour at the following rates:—

White Wheat Flour, Extra Family,	₱ bbl.	$5.75
" " " Superfine,	"	$4,87½@5,00
" " " Superfine,	"	4,75

H. LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

Extra Family Flour,	₱ bbl.	$
Superfine Extra, best quality,	"	5 25
" Brush Creek,	"	5 00
Superfine,	"	4 75

MARRIED.

On the 22d inst., by Michael Calvert, Esq., Mr. S. P. BURHART, to Miss JANE GRAY, both of Logan township, this county.

On the 27th inst., by the Rev. A. B. Clark, at the house of Mr. John Anderson, Mr. A. J. ANDERSON, of Altoona, to Miss MARY A. BARCLAY, of Perry county.

DIED,

In this place, on the 12th inst., at the residence of her son, Solomon Boyer, Mrs. BOYER, aged 82 years, 11 months, and 7 days.

LAWN ROBES FOR ONE DOLLAR, at the "NEW CHEAP CORNER."
April 29-1t] J. & J. LOWTHER.

FAST COLORED PRINTS, AT TEN Cents per yard at the "NEW CHEAP CORNER."
April 29-1t] J. & J. LOWTHER.

BEREGE MANTILLAS.—ONLY $1 for a splendid article at the "NEW CHEAP CORNER."
April 29-1t] J. & J. LOWTHER.

LADIES CALL AND SEE THE New Goods at the *New Cheap Corner.*
April 29-1t] J. & J. LOWTHER.

BOCK BEER.—THIS CELEBRATED Beer has been manufactured at the Brewery in this place, and is now being retailed by the subscriber at his Saloon, in the basement of the Masonic Temple.

It is an ancient custom among the Germans of the old world to use this celebrated Beer on the 1st day of May of every year, and in this country it is becoming equally fashionable. Come, then, all ye lovers of pleasant drinks and good drinks and give it a trial.
April 29,-1t] FERDINAND NOTHWANG.

APRIL, 1858.
GREAT INDUCEMENTS OFFERED AT THE
HALL OF FASHIONS.

THE subscriber has the pleasure of announcing to the citizens of Altoona, and the "rest of mankind," that he is just receiving from Philadelphia and New York, a beautiful assortment of BRITISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN DRY GOODS, consisting, in part, of
ROBE A' QUILLE, CRAPE DE ESPANOL,
FANCY ORHUN BAREGE, PLAIN ORHUN BAREGE,
CHALLIES, DUCALS,
FRENCH LAWNS—BEAUTIFUL STYLES,
SCOTCH " " from 6¼ upwards
FANCY DRESS SILKS, BLACK DRESS SILKS,
FIGURED BRILLIANTS, GINGHAMS, PRINTS, &c.,
in great variety. He would call especial attention to his stock of SHAWLS, which for *style, quality and variety,* cannot be surpassed, and must be seen to be appreciated.

The assortment of White Goods and Ladies' Dress Trimmings are all that fashion could desire. Among his stock of Ladies' Misses and Children's Gaiters and Shoes will be found a full line from the best city manufacturers.

His stock of Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, &c., is complete.

He hopes his Goods and PRICES (which by the way defy competition,) will meet the approval of all who call upon him. Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
April 29,5m. CHAS. J. MANN.

CHEAP GOODS! CHEAP GOODS!

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received his stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
consisting, in part, of
LADIES' PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS,
such as Silks, Satins, Barages, D'Laines, Challies, Ducals, Lawns, Ginghams, Prints, &c., together with all kinds of Dry Goods, all of which will be sold cheap for cash.

He has also on hand a large stock of
GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, BOOTS, AND SHOES,
and all other goods usually kept in stores in this place.

Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM in my business and being resolved to carry it out, I have marked my goods at CASH PRICES, and invite inspection and comparison, in regard to prices and quality, with those of any other store in the town. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market prices.
April 29-1y] J. B. HILEMAN.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.—J. & J. LOWTHER have just returned from the City and are now receiving their stock of
SPRING GOODS,
which they feel assured are as HANDSOME and CHEAP, *if not a little cheaper,* than any yet brought to this place.

On account of going to Philadelphia late in the season, we have been able to buy our goods at greatly reduced prices, and we are determined to sell them at very small profits for cash or to prompt monthly paying customers.

We have as usual a splendid stock of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
such as LAWNS, ROBES A' QUILLE, CHALLIES, BAYADERE, LARELLAS, DUCALS, POIL, DECHEVRES, DELAINS, PRINTS, GINGHAMS, &c.

Also, Shawls and Mantillas in great variety, together with a good stock of Domestic Dry Goods, Straw Goods,
BOOTS & SHOES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, &c., &c.

The citizens of Altoona will find it to their advantage to examine our stock, as we are not to be undersold.
April 29, 1858.

PUBLIC SALE.—The subscriber will sell at Public Sale on the premises, on Tuesday, May 11, 1858, a Lot of Ground, situate in Logan township, on the Dry Gap road, and about one mile North-West of Altoona, containing Six Acres, three of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a good one-and-a-half story Log House, 16x24 feet, with Kitchen 10x14, attached, and a Frame barn, 16x20 feet.—There is a Spring of good Water on the premises, and convenient to the buildings.

He will also sell, at the same time and place, three Hogs, a Lot of Chickens and Geese, and an assortment of Household and Kitchen Furniture, too tedious to mention. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day when attendance will be given and terms made known by
GEORGE SOLLAR.

ALSO:—On the same day and date, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, adjoining those mentioned above, a lot of Ground, containing Three Acres, two acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements consist of a one-and-a-half story Log House, 16x24 feet, and a good Frame Barn, 14x26 feet. There is also a Spring of excellent Water on the premises, convenient to the buildings.

He will also sell, at the same time and place, Three Pigs, a lot of Chickens and Geese, and an assortment of Household and Kitchen Furniture, too tedious to mention. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day when attendance will be given and terms made known by
CHAS. HESSER.
April 29-1t.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERIES FOR MARCH, 1858.
R. FRANCE & CO.,
Managers of the Maryland State Lotteries, present the following Splendid Schemes
FOR MAY, 1858.

They caution purchasers of Tickets to beware of ordering Tickets in Lotteries where extraordinary large Capitals are offered for a small cost of Tickets—all such are swindles.

The Maryland Lotteries have been in existence for Forty Years. They are drawn by a State Officer, and can be relied on. If you draw a Prize, you will get your money.—The whole country is flooded with bogus Lottery concerns. Beware of them.

☞ Order in the Maryland State Lotteries.
MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.
GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY, CLASS G,
To be drawn in Baltimore City, May 22, 1858.
☞ 16 Drawn Ballots out of 78. ☜
Making more Prizes than Blanks. Every Package of 26 Tickets must contain 10 drawn numbers, so that there are 16 Prizes to 10 Blanks.

1 Grand Prize of	$40,000	10 Prize of		$200
1 Prize of	10,000	519 Prize of		100
1 Prize of	5,000	62 Prize of		80
1 Prize of	3,000	62 Prize of		70
3 Prize of	2,250	62 Prize of		60
5 Prize of	1,300	62 Prize of		40
10 Prize of	1,000	7,192 Prize of		20
10 Prize of	400	30,256 Prize of		10

38,256 Prizes, amounting to $501,000.
Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50—Eighths $1,25.

A Certificate of Package of 26 Wholes, costs			$124 00
Do.	do.	26 Halves,	62 00
Do.	do.	26 Quarters,	31 00
Do.	do.	26 Eighths,	15 50

HAVANA PLAN.
This is the old mode of Drawing. Prizes in one Wheel and Tickets in another.
Every Prize is drawn out.
Every Prize paid in full without deduction!
GRAND CONSOLIDATED EXTRA CLASS G,
To be drawn in Baltimore, Md., Saturday, May 29th, 1858.
20,685 Prizes! 40,000 Numbers!!
SPLENDID SCHEME!

1 Prize of	$20,000	4 Appr'x to $200	
1 Prize of	5,000		
1 Prize of	5,000	16 "	100
1 Prize of	5,000		
1 Prize of	5,000		
1 Prize of	2,000		
1 Prize of	2,000	16 "	100
1 Prize of	2,000		
1 Prize of	2,000		
1 Prize of	1 280		
1 Prize of	1,250	16 "	100
1 Prize of	1,200		
1 Prize of	1,200		
4 Prizes of	1,000	16 "	100
10 Prizes of	300	40 "	40
10 Prizes of	250	40 "	30
100 Prizes of	200	400 "	20

20,000 Prizes of $8 each.
20,000 Prizes of $8, determined by the Capital Prize, being odd or even.
Whole Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50.
A Managers' Certificate of 16 Wholes—where persons wish to pay the risk only, will be sent for $96
Do. do. 16 Halves, 48
Do. do. 16 Quarters, 24
Do. do. 16 Eighths, 12
The Managers have been compelled from the numerous complaints made to them, of unfaithfulness on the part of those who have been attending to the filling of orders, to resume the correspondence business in their own name.
Order tickets from the Managers only.
Address all letters to R. FRANCE & CO.
March 4-1y] Baltimore, Md.

MAP OF BLAIR COUNTY.—THE subscribers propose to publish a New Map of Blair County, Pennsylvania, from actual surveys, containing all Public Roads, Rail Roads, Canals, the actual localities of Villages, Post Offices, Houses of Worship, School Houses, Manufactories, Tanneries, Mills, Hotels, Stores, Farm Houses, names of Property Owners, &c.

Enlarged Plans, of the Principal Villages, a Table of Distances, and a Business Directory, giving the name and business of each subscriber, will be engraved on the margin. The plotting will be to a suitable scale so as to make a large and ornamental Map, which will be col-red and mounted in the best style, and delivered to subscribers at $5 per copy. SAMUEL GEIL,
April 15, 1858. ISAAC G. FREED.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
A NEW STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON, JUST RECEIVED BY
ETTINGER & ULLMAN,
AND NOW BEING DISPOSED OF AT PRICES WHICH DEFY COMPETITION.

MR. ULLMAN announces that he is always on hand and will take great pleasure in waiting upon all who may favor him with a call. He feels confident that he will be able to render satisfaction both in quality and price. [April 15-3m

C. J. HIRST, M. D. D. E. GOOD, M. D.
DRS. HIRST & GOOD TENDER their professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity in the several branches of
MEDICINE AND SURGERY.
Country calls regularly attended to.
Office, the same as heretofore occupied by Dr. Hirst.
By consent, D. E. Good refers to
J. M. Gemmill, M. D., Alexandria, Pa.
J. B. Luden, M. D., Huntingdon, "
Drs. Ross, Royer and Foy, Williamsburg, Pa.
April 22, 1858-tf]

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, trading as the firm of Lowther & McDowell, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Settlement of accounts may be made with either of the firm. JAMES LOWTHER,
Altoona, April 20, 1858-3t.] WM. McDOWELL.

BRIGADE ORDERS, NO. 17.—The companies composing the 4th Brigade, 16th Division, will meet in Hollidaysburg at 10 o'clock, A. M., of MONDAY the 10th day of MAY next, for Battalion Training and Inspection. By order
HDQ'RS. 1ST. OFFICE, JOHN C. INNES, *Brig. Insp.*
April 19, 1858. 4th Brig. 16th Div., P. V. M.

A FORTUNE OF $70,000 TO BE HAD FOR $10!
SWAN & CO'S LOTTERIES, AUTHORIZED BY THE STATE OF GEORGIA.
The following Schems will be drawn by S. Swan & Co., Managers of the Sparta Academy Lottery, in each of their Single Number Litteries for May, 1858, at AUGUSTA, Georgia, to which city they have removed their principal office.
CLASS 13,
To be drawn in the city of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, May 1, 1858.
CLASS 14,
To be drawn in the City of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, May 8, 1858.
CLASS 15,
To be drawn in the City of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, May 15, 1858.
CLASS 16,
To be drawn in the City of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, May 22, 1858.
CLASS 17,
To be drawn in the City of Augusta, Georgia, in public, on Saturday, May 29, 1858.
ON THE PLAN OF SINGLE NUMBERS.
FIVE THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE PRIZES!
Nearly one Prize to every Nine Tickets!
MAGNIFICENT SCHEME!
TO BE DRAWN EACH SATURDAY IN APRIL.

1 Prize of	$70,000	4 Prize of		900
1 " "	30,000	4 " "		800
1 " "	10,000	4 " "		700
1 " "	5,000	4 " "		600
1 " "	4,000	50 Prizes of		500
1 " "	3,000	50 " "		300
1 " "	1,500	100 " "		125
4 " "	1,000	230 " "		100

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 Prizes of	$400	Approx'ting. to	$70,000 Prize are	$1,600
4 " "	300	" "	30,000 " "	1,200
4 " "	200	" "	10,000 " "	900
4 " "	125	" "	5,000 " "	500
4 " "	100	" "	4,000 " "	400
4 " "	75	" "	3,000 " "	300
4 " "	50	" "	1,500 " "	200
5,000 " "	20 are			100,000

5,485 Prizes amounting to $320,000
Whole Tickets $10; Halves $5; Quarters $2,50.
PLAN OF THIS LOTTERY.
The numbers from 1 to 40,000, corresponding with those numbers on the Tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled in small tin tubes and placed in one Wheel.
The first 457 Prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another wheel.
The wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the wheel of Numbers, and at the same time a Prize is drawn from the other wheel. The number and prize drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners; the Prize being placed against the number drawn. This operation is repeated until all the Prizes are drawn out.
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.—The two preceeding and the two succeeding numbers to those drawing the first 7 Prizes will be entitled to the 28 Approximation Prizes. For example: if Ticket No. 11,250 draws the $70,000 Prize, those tickets numbered 11,248, 11,249, 11,251, 11252, will each be entitled to $400. If Ticket No. 550 draws the $30,000 Prize, those tickets numbered 548, 549, 551, 552, will each be entitled to $300, and so on according to the above scheme.
The 5,000 Prizes of $20 will be determined by the last figure of the number that draws the $70,000 Prize. For example: if the number drawing the $70,000 Prize ends with No. 1, then all the tickets, where the number ends in 1, will be entitled to $20. If the number ends with No. 2, then all the tickets where the number ends in 2 will be entitled to $20, and so on to 0.
Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates which is the risk:

Certificate of package of 10 Whole Tickets,		$80
" "	10 Half "	40
" "	10 Quarter "	20
" "	10 Eight "	10

IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES,
Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, or receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail.—Purchasers can have tickets ending in any number they may designate.
The List of Drawn Numbers and Prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.
Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.
Remember that every Prize is drawn and payable in full without deduction.
All prizes of $1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 30 days.
All communications strictly confidential.
Address orders for tickets or certificates to
S. SWAN & CO., *Augusta, Ga.*
Persons residing near Montgomery, Ala., or Atalanta, Ga., can have their orders filled, and save time, by addressing S. Swan & Co., at either of those cities.
A list of the numbers that are drawn from the wheel, with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing, in the following papers:—*New Orleans Delta, Mobile Register, Charleston Standard, Nashville Gazette, Atlanta Intelligencer, New York Weekly Dry Book, Savannah Morning News, Richmond Dispatch, New York Dispatch, and Paulding (Miss.) Clarion Augusta (Geo.) Constitutionalist.* [jan.7-1y.

PAPER HANGINGS.
THE BEST ASSORTMENT EVER brought to Pittsburch. Come and feast your eyes.—Buy or not, the goods will be shown.
WALL PAPER,
For PARLORS, DINING ROOMS, CHAMBERS, ENTRIES, CHURCHES and LODGES.
WALL PAPER,
At 6 to 12½ cents,
At 12 to 25 cents,
At 25 to 50 cents,
At 50 cents to $1,00,
At $1,00 to $2,00,
At $2,00 to $5,00.
MARBLE FRESCOES,
PLAIN OAK, WALNUT, PANEL OAK,
Borders, Ceilings, Statues and Paintings.
W. P. MARSHALL & CO.,
Pittsburg, April 1, 1858-2m.] 87 Wood st. Pittsburg.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale a tract of EIGHTY ACRES of land, situate in Ferguson township, Clearfield county, on the South side of the West Branch of the Susquehanna River, about five miles from Curwensville and one mile below Lumber City. The premises are conveniently situated, and among other inducements to purchasers are two extensive beds of
IRON ORE,
one of which exceeds nine feet in thickness and yields from forty-five to eighty per cent. There is also an abundance of
LIMESTONE AND STONE COAL
on the premises, making it a desirable situation to persons wishing to engage in the manufacture of Iron.
There is the best of water power on the premises, and the river is navigable with arks, boats, &c., from this point.
Persons desiring any further information will address
WM. G. McCRACKEN,
March 25-3m.] New Millport, Clearfield Co., Pa.

NEW YORK WEEKLY.
SMITH'S GREAT STORY!
NOW READY
AND FOR SALE BY ALL NEWS AGENTS,
Entitled
MAGGIE, THE CHILD OF CHARITY,
OR,
WAIFS ON THE SEA OF HUMANITY.
A Romance of Every-Day Life.
This is the greatest Story ever written by this popular Author. It has been copy-righted and will not be printed in any other form. Back numbers can always be had.—The WEEKLY is sold by H. FETTINGER.
Altoona, April 1, 1857-4t. Altoona, Pa.

NEW VOLUMES OF THE FOUR GREAT BRITISH REVIEWS, namely,
Edinburg, North British, Westminster, and London Quarterlies, and Blackwood's Edinburg Magazine, (Monthly.)
Commence with January, 1858.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—Any one Review or Blackwood, $3 a year. Blackwood and one Review—or two Reviews, $5. The four Reviews and Blackwood, $10. Four copies to one address, $30.
Postage (which should be paid quarterly in advance) on the four Reviews and Blackwood to any Post Office in the United States, only 36 cents a year, namely: 14 cents a year on each Review, and 24 cents a year on Blackwood.
Address, L. SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
April 8, 1858. 54 Gold Street, corner of Fulton, N. Y.

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!
The undersigned subscriber has on hand now and for sale a
FIRST RATE QUALITY OF RED BRICK,
at the well-known Brick Yard at McCahan's "Bluff," where he is prepared to furnish any quantity of BRICK on short notice. Orders from a distance will be attended to, and Brick delivered in the cars. Address
April 1, 1858-3m. WILLIAM VAUGHN,
Duncansville, Blair county, Pa.

MILLINERY AND MANTUAMAKING ESTABLISHMENT.—Misses M. & E. KAUFFMAN would respectfully inform the ladies of Altoona and vicinity, that they continue the above business at their old stand opposite Sellers' Drug Store, and have just received their supply of SPRING and SUMMER MILLINERY GOODS, which they will sell as low as any other establishment in the place. Dresses and all articles of ladies wear made to order on short notice and reasonable terms. [April 23, '57-1y.

SHERIFFALITY.—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Blair county, at the ensuing election in October next. If elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties appertaining to said office to the best of my ability.
JOHN B. WARFEL.
Feb. 4, 1858-tc]

O YES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [jan. 2, '58.

LOVERING AND NEW ORLEANS Syrup Molasses, at fair prices, at
June 18, '57-tf HENRY LEHR'S.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.—READ THIS—OLD AND YOUNG.

PROFESSOR WOOD'S
HAIR
RESTORATIVE.

IS, no doubt, the most wonderful discovery of this age of progress, for it will restore, permanently, gray hair to its original color, cover the head of the bald with a most luxuriant growth, remove at once all dandruff and itching, cure all scrofula, and other cutaneous eruptions, such as scald head, etc. It will cure, as if by magic, nervous or periodical headache; make the hair soft, glossy and preserve the color perfectly, and the hair from falling, to extreme old age. The following is from a distinguished member of the medical profession;

ST. PAUL, January 1, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—*Dear Sir*:—Unsolicited

THE CRISIS HAS ARRIVED, AND everywhere Banks, Brokers and Business men are suspending or breaking up, under the overwhelming pressure. Credit is destroyed, and Enterprise is paralyzed. But amid all the Bubbub and confusion incident upon such a state of affairs, we beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have just returned from Philadelphia with one of the largest, best selected and cheapest stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Ever brought to town. Our stock consists, in part, of

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

Such as Silks, Shawls, Delaines, Alpacas, Cashmeres, Ribbons, &c., &c., in great variety.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Shirtings, Cottonades, Silk and Merino Undershirts, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, &c.

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Bleached and Unbleached Muslins and Sheetings, Ladies Gaiters, Slippers and Shoes, Gents Gaiters, Boots and Shoes, Looking Glasses, Umbrellas, Ticklngs, and every variety of Dry Goods in common use.

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We have bought our assortment at such prices that we *cannot* be undersold by any establishment in the county.

Oct. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

ANOTHER REDUCTION IN PRICE at McCormick's Store.

Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, (or at least credit will not be given to any other than those who are *willing and can* give satisfactory reference and assurance of prompt monthly payment,) and desiring to make it the interest of all to patronize our store, we have made a very great reduction in the prices of all descriptions of goods, and will give our entire time and attention to keeping up an assortment to suit the wants of our customers, such as

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
CEDARWARE,
STONEWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,

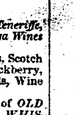
Gaiters, Slippers, Hats and Caps, Dried Fruit, etc., all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest.

All articles of produce taken in exchange for goods at their highest market price.

Thankful for past favors, we hope to share the patronage of those who are in want of goods. [March 25-tf.

THE SUMMER SEASON—JESSE SMITH would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and the public generally that he has just returned from the East with a large and varied assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,



Which he purchased at low prices for cash and will sell at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, at but a small advance on the original cost. His stock consists of HATS and CAPS of every description, size and shape. All who are in want of anything in his line will do well to give him a call, as he feels confident he can suit the most fastidious, in quality and price.

He is always ready and willing to exhibit his stock *free of charge*, so that none need fear to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Remember that his store is on Virginia street, directly opposite the Lutheran Church. [April 8-6m.

REMOVAL!

I HAVE REMOVED MY WARE-ROOM to the corner of SMITHFIELD and THIRD Streets, opposite Young's Furniture Warerooom.

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1858-3m. WM. NOBLE.

FURNISHING WAREROOM.

I HAVE OPENED A STORE FOR the sale of EVERY ARTICLE wanted in FURNISHING A DWELLING HOUSE, Mattresses, Beds, Bolsters and Pillows; Comforts, Spreads, and Quilts of every style and price, Satin, De Laine and Lace Curtains; Damask and Moreens, Brocatels and Plushes; Muslin Curtains, Figured Muslin and with Lace Edge; Tassels and Cords of every description. Gilt Cornices of every variety and style, and some splendid patterns for windows; Gimp and Brass Bands; Blinds of all kinds; Window Shades of every price and style. Also, Venetian Blinds. Friends and strangers are invited to call and see us in the new store.

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1858-3m. WM. NOBLE.

HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL & CARRIAGE PAINTING.—The undersigned beg leave to inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have commenced the business of

HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL AND CARRIAGE PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER-HANGING, VARNISHING, &C., &C.,

in all their various branches, and are prepared to do all work entrusted to them with neatness and despatch.

They have on hand a large assortment of painting materials and Window Glass of all sizes, also Stained Glass and Looking Glass Plates, which enables them to do work in an improved style and at reduced rates.

By strict attention to business we hope to merit a share of public patronage.

Our room is on Virginia street, immediately opposite Keesler's Drug Store. KEYES & WALSH.

April 8, 1858-3m*

W. CUNNINGHAM, D. CUNNINGHAM, R. CUNNINGHAM, D. IRMSEN, G. DUNCAN.

CUNNINGHAMS & CO.

PITTSBURGH CITY GLASS WORKS,

WAREHOUSE 109 WATER ST. AND 140 FIRST ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Between Wood and Smithfield,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Pittsburgh City Window Glass,

DRUGGISTS' GLASS-WARE,

AND AMERICAN CONVEX GLASS,

For Parlor Windows, Churches and Public Buildings.

Altoona, April 1, 1858-1y.]

H. ETTINGER'S GREAT CENTRAL LITERARY EMPORIUM, NO. 1, "ALTOONA HOUSE," ALTOONA, PA., Where may be had all the popular Publications of the day, such as Daily and Weekly Papers, Magazines, Novels and Romances, Miscellaneous Books, School Books, Copy Books, Slates, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Drawing and Tissue Paper, Blank Books and in fact everything in the Stationary line. Toys, Notions and Games of every variety. Pictures and Picture Frames, Tobacco and Segars of the best quality, &c., &c.

N. B.—We are sole Wholesale and Retail Agent, in this county, for ROHN'S CELEBRATED SALVE. It does *positively* cure all sores to which it is applied. Try it. 17-tf.

CAST IRON RAILING AND ALL kinds of Castings executed to order, also Tin Spouting put up to order, at shortest notice, apply to

J. SHOEMAKER, *Agent for*
Jan. 3, 1856-tf. McLANAHAN, WATSON & Co.

PEA NUTS.—5,000 BUSHELS WILmington Pea Nuts in store and for sale by

WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

ALMONDS, WALNUTS, CREAM Nuts and Filberts in store and for sale by

WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

RAISINS,—1,000 BOXES BUNCH and Layer Raisins in store and for sale by

WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

FIGS, DATES, PRUNES, CITRONS and Currants in store and for sale by

WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

CONFECTIONARY.—PLAIN AND fine Confectionary manufactured and for sale by

WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

PINE AND LARD OILS, CAMphene, Burning Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at

Jan. 3, '58-tf] KESSLER'S.

NONE BUT THE BEST CONFECtionaries, Nuts and Fruits kept at

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

YOU CAN ALWAYS OBTAIN ALL kinds of Flour and Feed by calling at

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO call and test the merits of the articles kept by

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR.

LOTS FOR SALE.—12 BUILDING Lots, situate in different localities, in this Borough for sale on reasonable terms, by [27-tf.] J. SHOEMAKER.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERvers for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome Green, Yellow, Paris Green. Ary ground in oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by

[1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

HENRY LEHR'S STORE IS IN John Lehr's old stand, nearly opposite McCormick's store, in North Ward. [June 18, '57-1y.

A SUPERIOR LOT OF FRESH GARden Seeds for sale by [1tf] J. L. JORDS.

E. P. MIDDLETON & BROTHER, *Importers and Dealers in Wines and Liquors*, return their thanks to their friends for the liberal share of patronage heretofore bestowed, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, at the OLD ESTABLISHMENT, NO. 5 N. FRONT ST., Philadelphia, where they have a large assortment of WINES and LIQUORS of the choicest brands and qualities. Having made arrangements with some of the first houses in Cognac and Rochelle, enables them to furnish to their customers upon the most reasonable terms, the following brands of Cognac and Rochelle Brandies:

BRANDIES.

Otard, Hennessy, Marett, T'Hines, Pellecornin, A. Seignette, &c., &c. | *Pinnett, Castillion, Martell, J. J. Depuy & Co.*

WINES.

Champagne, Old Oporto, Claret, Sherry, Lisbon, Burgundy, Madeira, Teneriffe, Hock, Muscat & Malaga Wines of various brands and qualities.

Holland Gin, Scheidam Schnapps, Jamaica Spirits, Scotch and Irish Whiskeys; Peach, Apple, Lavender, Blackberry, Raspberry, Cherry and Ginger Brandies; Cordials, Wine Bitters, Amsterdam Bitters, &c.

Also, constantly on hand, an extensive stock of *OLD WHEAT, MONONGAHELA and BOURBON WHISKEYS*, of various grades, some of which we guarantee to be superior to any in the country.

☞ From our long experience in the business, and thorough knowledge of the tastes of the community, we flatter ourselves to be able to fill all orders that may be entrusted to us. Orders from the country (which are most respectfully solicited) will be promptly attended to. Great care taken in packing and shipping.

All goods sent from our establishment are guaranteed to give satisfaction, with the privilege of being returned.

Feb. 26-1y] E. P. MIDDLETON & BRO.

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA, Mumps, Sore Throat, Stiffness and Swellings of the Joints and Limbs, Sprains, Pains in the Body are cured by the invaluable Liniment called

HYDER ALI MIXTURE.

This Liniment is without doubt the best in use. As a

LINIMENT FOR HORSES

it has no equal in curing Galls, Strains, Curbs, Cuts, Swellings, old Sores, Bruises, and in fact every external injury to the Horse except Bone Spavin. Many of the most experienced Horsemen assert it to be the best Liniment ever used.

BARNES' PILE LOTION.

This celebrated Remedy for the Piles, when properly applied and its use continued in, will never fail in curing the most aggravated cases of Piles, External or Internal.

Read the following from a Physician in Mississippi.

"*Dear Sir:*—The Barnes' Pile Lotion purchased of you has effected wonders. My attention was called to it when North, but presuming it to be one of the many nostrums of the day, paid but little attention to it. Some months since I was sent for to attend a planter, who was sorely afflicted with the disease. His condition was truly distressing. It was the most aggravated case I have met with in a practice of over thirty-five years. This was the first case I used it in. I used three bottles of it and effected, I think, a permanent cure. I have used it in several cases since, and in none has it deceived me. My experience induces me to say that it is the most valuable remedy for Piles ever used. At my suggestion, Le Count sends you an order for a pretty liberal supply."

Prepared only at Barnes' Drug Store, Trenton, N. J.—Sold by O. W. KESSLER, Altoona, and B. Page Jr. & Co., Pittsburg. [May 14, '57-1y.

JOHN BRYAR & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WINES & LIQUORS,

AND

RECTIFYING DISTILLERS,

155 *Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,*

Beg leave respectfully to inform their old customers and the public generally, that they have on hand and are constantly receiving direct from the Importers, a large supply of the very choicest brands of Liquors Among their large assortment may be found

Wines, Brandies, Gin, Cordials, Jamaica Spirits, St. Croix and New England Rum, Champagne, Irish, Scotch, Bourbon, Old Monongahela and Rectified Whisky, Peach, Wild Cherry, Blackberry, Strawberry and Raspberry Brandies, &c., &c., &c.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, and all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly attended to. Country Dealers will find it to their advantage to call upon us, as we are determined to sell nothing but the very best.

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1858-1y.

SAVING FUND, FIVE PER CENT INTEREST, NATIONAL SAFETY TRUST CO.: *Walnut street, S. W. Corner of Third, Philadelphia.* Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania.

Money is received in any sum, large or small, and interest paid from the day of deposit to the day of withdrawal.

The office is open every day from 9 o'clock in the morning till 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and on Monday and Thursday evenings till 8 o'clock.

Hon. HENRY L. BENNER, *Pres't.*
WM. J. REID, *Secretary.* ROBERT SELFRIDGE, *Vice-Pres't.*

DIRECTORS.

Hon. Henry L. Benner,	P. Carrol Brewster,
Edward L. Carter,	Joseph B. Barry,
Robert Selfridge,	Francis Lee,
Sam'l K. Ashton,	Joseph Yerkes,
C. Landreth Munns,	Henry Diffenderfer.

Money is received and payments made daily without notice.

The investments are made in REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES, GROUND RENTS, and such first class securities as the Charter requires [March 4m.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION.—The subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Altoona and its vicinity, that he has opened a STORE in the ROOM formerly occupied by G. W. Patton, on Virginia street, where he will be happy to exhibit to them his splendid stock of

FASHIONABLE FALL GOODS,

which will be found entirely new and fresh. His stock is carefully selected and was purchased strictly for CASH, which just at this important time has enabled him to buy exceedingly low, and having adopted the

READY-PAY SYSTEM,

is determined to ask but "Small Profits and Quick Sales." Among his stock will be found everything appertaining to Ladies and Gentlemen's wear, as well as all articles of Groceries,

Queensware,

Hardware, &c., &c., usually kept in a town or country store. He respectfully invites a careful inspection of his stock.

Altoona, Oct. 1, 1857-tf. CHARLES J. MANN.

ENTERPRISE WORKS,

NO. 136 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

BOWN & TETLEY,

Manufacturers of Rifles, Guns, Surgical and Dental Instruments, &c.

RIFLE GUNS.

We would call attention to our stock in the above line, knowing that we cannot be beat either in the quality or price. Being largely engaged in this branch of business, we defy all competion. All our rifles are warranted or no sale. Hardware, Sporting Materials, Cutlery, Pistols, Guns, Revolvers, Flasks, Belts, Powder, Shot, Balls, Caps, Fancy Hardware and Sporting Equipage, in all its variety, which we offer low for Cash.

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1858-1y.

TIPTON STEAM SASH, FRAME, DOOR, SHUTTER & FLOORING MANUFACTORY, *Tipton, Blair Co., Pa., 10 miles East of Altoona.*

The undersigned having provided a complete set of Machinery for the business, and being practical House Carpenters and Builders, are extensively engaged in Manufacturing by steam, any description of Carpenter Work, which we will furnish at low rates, and ship to any point on the Pa. Railroad. Plans of every description for buildings with specifications and bill of timber prepared. Orders from a distance respectfully solicited.

June 4, '57-1y] McCAULEY & CO.

Pennsylvania House,

Patterson, Juniata County, Pa.,

REYNOLDS & CODER, *Proprietors,*

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR FRIENDS and the travelling public generally, that they have taken the above well-known house, where they will be happy to wait upon all who may favor them with a call. Its convenience to the depot renders it a desirable stopping place or those who wish to get on or off the cars, also for travelers wishing to get meals at *moderate charges*—25 cents.

may27-tf.]

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 2, '56-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

WEST BRANCH INSURANCE CO.—The undersigned, Agent for Blair county, will take short and long risks on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture and Property of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State.—Risks also taken on the lives of horses. Office in Masonic Temple.

March 18, 1858-1y. JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

LIQUORS.—A LARGE AMOUNT of well selected LIQUORS has been received at the "LOGAN HOUSE," Hollidaysburg, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, wholesale or retail. The man who wants has only to call. [Dec. 17, tf.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPtions just received and for sale by

Oct. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

RICH TOBACCO AND HIGHLY flavored Cigars, in abundance, can be had at

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

TO THE PUBLIC.—13,787 GIFTS FOR THE PEOPLE. EL DORADO GIFT ASSOCIATION for the sale of $13,787 worth of Sewing Silk. Each purchaser of one dollar's worth of Sewing Silk will receive a numbered check, which will entitle the holder to one share and a voice in the distribution of the following list of Valuable Property, to be distributed by a Committee, chosen by the shareholders, in such a manner as they may deem advisable and agreed upon among themselves.

LIST OF PROPERTY.

7 corner Lots on Washington street Altoona, 50 by 120 feet, valued at $184 each,			$1,288
37 lots on Washington st., 50x120 ft.,	$156 each,		2,652
8 corr. lots on Mulberry st.,	" "	156 "	1,248
19 lots on Mulberry st.,	" "	132 "	3,508
2 lots on High street,	" "	63 "	126
1 cor. lot on German street, 50x175 ft., valued at			63
3 lots on German street,	" "	$42 each	126
1 lot on Howard street, 50x133 feet, valued at			132
1 cor. lot on Lexington st.,	" "	" "	150
2 lots on Chestnut street,	" "	$131 each,	262
1 Gold Lever Watch, valued at			100
1 Horse,	" "		167
1 Two-Horse Wagon,	" "		42
1 Silver Lepine Watch	" "		16
12 Coat Patterns and Trimmings, $10 each,			120
50 Pants and Vest patterns, at $4.40 each,			220
75 Articles or Parcels of Merchandise, $2.00 each,			225
100 "	" "	2.00 "	200
100 "	" "	1.00 "	100
500 "	" "	75 "	375
2,000 "	" "	50 "	1,000
3,000 "	" "	30 "	900
4,000 "	" "	25 "	1,000
3,855 "	" "	20 "	777
13,787 Gifts, valued at			$13,787

The Real Estate in this Enterprise is handsomely situated in the flourishing town of Altoona, (Head-quarters of the Pa. Central R. R. Co.) which in a few years has grown as if by magic, its present population being over 3,000.

The above property will be delivered to the persons entitled to receive it, immediately after the distribution.

An indisputable title to all the lots in the above bill will be given by R. H. McCORMICK.

The articles or parcels per bill, will consist of cloths, cassimeres, de laines, &c., &c.

My object is to dispose of the silk in the shortest possible time, and I desire everybody to purchase soon and became members of this *Magnificent Association.*

The silk will be sent to any part of the United States, with Certificate of Membership, (for each dollar's worth purchased,) on receipt of the cash.

Agents or clubs remitting $10 at one time, will receive in return $11 worth of silk and 11 certificates

All orders must be addressed to JONES & MOIST, June 10, 1858-tf.] *Altoona, Blair Co., Pa.*

All orders by mail, with postage stamp enclosed, promptly attended to.

GREAT DISCOVERY OF THE AGE IMPORTANT TO TOBACCO CHEWERS.

DR. GUSTAV HINNARD'S TASTE RESTORATIVE TROCHES, *the great Substitute for Tobacco.*

It is a well known and incontrovertable fact that the use of Tobacco is the promoting cause of many of the most severe.

MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DISORDERS

to which the race of man is subject, as careful analysis and long and painful experience have clearly proven that it contains certain narcotic and poisonous properties most dangerous in their effects, which by entering into the blood derange the functions and operations of the Heart, causing many to suppose that organ to be seriously diseased.

TOBACCO affects also the entire nervous system, manifesting itself—as all who have ever used the noxious weed will bear testimony—in Lassitude, Nervous Irritability, Water Brash, Dyspepsia, and many other disorders of a similar character.

THE TASTE RESTORATIVE TROCHES

Are designed to counteract these baneful influences, and have proved completely successful in a multitude of cases, and wherever used. Being harmless in themselves they exert a beneficial effect upon the entire system, restoring the Taste which has become vitiated or destroyed by great indulgence, completely removing the irritation and accompanying tickling sensation of the Throat—which are always consequent upon abstaining from the use of Tobacco, and by giving a healthy tone to the Stomach, invigorate the whole system.

Persons who are irretrievably undermining their constitutions and shortening their lives, should use these Troches immediately and throw off the injurious and unpleasant habit of Tobacco Chewing.

These Troches of Lozenges are put up in a convenient and portable form at the low price of 50 Cents per Box. A liberal discount to the Trade.

Prepared solely by the undersigned to whom all orders should be addressed.

JAMES E. BOWERS, Druggist.
March 18, 1y.] Cor. 2d and Race street, Phila.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERIES. R. FRANCE & Co., Managers.

CAUTION NOTICE.

Persons living at a distance should be extremely cautious of whom they order Lottery Tickets or Certificates of Packages of Tickets. The country is flooded with bogus and swindling Lotteries. Every inducement is held out to get persons to write to them. Capital Prizes of from $20,000 to $40,000 head their schemes—with tickets at One Dollar. $100,000 Capital Prizes are offered, tickets $5. All such, in every instance, are fraud; and if money is sent to them for tickets, it is so much thrown away, without the shadow or chance of getting a prize. Beware of all Lotteries where the Capital Prize is unusually large in comparison to the price of tickets. In every instance where large prizes are offered for a small cost of tickets, put it down as a certain fraud.

The Kentucky State Lottery for the benefit of the Shelby College, under four managements, is the only Lottery in the United States which is legally decided by the Maryland Drawings; all other Lotteries which pursort to be decided by the Maryland Drawings, are frauds.

TO PURCHASE MARYLAND STATE LOTTERIES.

Purchase in the State Lotteries, then you are sure of being right. And in ordering in the Maryland Lotteries, you are sure of fair and honest drawings.

One thing look to, and that is, if you order from any lincensed vender in Baltimore, do not receive any but Managers' Tickets and Packages, Sealed Certificates of Packages. The Managers' Certificates have the numbers printed, and have the lithographed signature of R. France & Co.

No one has a right to send his individual certificates, and if he does it, be sure there is a fraud at the bottom of it.

R. FRANCE & CO.,
Feb. 18-3m.] Managers of Maryland State Lotteries.

GIFTS! GIFTS!! GIFTS!!!—A prize to every purchaser.

500 DOLLARS WORTH OF GIFTS!! consisting of GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

WILL BE DISTRIBUTED WITH EVERY 1000 BOOKS.

The attention of the public is respectfully solicited to the extensive assortment of valuable Standard and Miscellaneous Books, which are offered for sale at the lowest Retail Prices. A GIFT WORTH FROM 25 CENTS TO $100, will be given with every Book. Complete Catalogue, giving full information, with a list of Prizes, will be forwarded on application.

AGENTS WANTED.

LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED.—Persons wishing to order at once, can order any Book published in Philadelphia, New York or Boston, and it will be furnished at the publisher's price, with Gift. Any person ordering 10 Books will receive for commission an extra Book with Gift. For Postage send stamps, 18 cents, for $1.00 Book. Address

DUANE RULISON, Publisher,
No 33 South 3d street, Philadelphia.

AMBROTYPES.—THE PLACE TO get Ambrotypes for yourself, your friends or relations, is in the fourth story of Patton's Building, where all persons can be accommodated on the shortest notice, with true and life-like likenesses. Ambrotypes taken on single and double glass. Melainotypes taken on Russian Melainotype plates. Also, Pictures taken in the new style transfer Photographing—on Patent Leather, which are imperishable, and are intended principally for insertion in articles of jewelry, and transmitting by mail, as they do not require to be put in a case.

Pictures copied on reasonable terms.

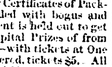
Pictures are all warranted to please before taken away.

Pictures taken as low as fifty cents.

The subscriber respectfully solicits a liberal patronage from the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, as he intends to make this his permanent station. Come one, come all, and "Secure the shadow ere the substance fades." Don't forget the room is in Patton's Building, fourth story. The first story is occupied by Mr. Manly's store.

Feb. 18-3m] J. W. CLABAUGH.

LOGAN HOTEL.—THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs the citizens of Blair county and others, that he has opened up the LOGAN HOUSE, formerly kept by Sheriff Ross, at the west end of Hollidaysburg, for the reception of strangers and travellers.



Everything connected with the house has been refitted in the new with the choicest furniture, &c., &c.

The house is large and commodious, and well calculated for convenience and comfort.

His TABLE will be furnished with the very best the market can afford, and no pains or trouble will be spared to render those who may choose to favor him with their patronage comfortable and happy during their stay with him.

His STABLING is ample, and an obliging and careful hostler will always be in attendance.

Dec. 17, 1857,—tf.] JOHN KEIFFER.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS! In consequence of the hard times, I have concluded to put down the price of my OYSTERS to the lowest possible standard. They will hereafter be served up on the Chafing Dish at TWENTY CENTS, and roasted in the shell and served up with all other accompaniments, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. They will also be furnished, in every other way, at prices to correspond with the times.

JOHN KEIFFER,
Dec. 17, tf.] Logan House, Hollidaysburg.

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Soap and Varnish Brushes at

KESSLER'S.

HAMS, SIDE, SHOULDER, DRIED Beef, &c., always on hand at

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

EGGS, BUTTER AND ALL KINDS of country produce can be had at

June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

GLASS 8x10 TO 20x24, AND CUT to order by

G. W. KESSLER.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF ALTOONA & vicinity, that he has now on hand a beautiful assortment of the above articles, which he is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice and at moderate prices. Persons wanting Grave Stones will please forward their orders by mail (if not to person at our Marble Works on Montgomery street, near the Diamond, Hollidaysburg. Also on hand the best workmen employed, and all work warranted to give general satisfaction.

[August 6, 1857.]

Monuments, Enclosures, & Head and Foot Stones.

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS.

Italian & White Rutland Marble.

Tombs,

NONE but the best workmen employed. A. W. KENNEY.

IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, PITTSBURGH, PENNA. *Chartered* 1855.

Board of 12 Trustees.—Faculty of 14 Teachers.

EMPHATICALLY THE BUSINESS MAN'S COLLEGE. Largest and most complete Commercial College in the United States.

In daily attendance upwards of 200 Students,

FACULTY.

F. W. JENKINS, PRINCIPAL
J. C. SMITH, A. M., Professor of Accounts & Book-keeping.
I. I. HITCHCOCK, Professor of Arithmetic and Commercial Calculations.
JOHN FLEMING, Author of the "National System of Book-keeping," "Lecturer on Business, its Customs and Usages."
A. W. BENTLINGER, Professor of Arithmetic, Book-keeping and Phonography.
A. COWLEY and A. T. DOUTHETT, Professors of Pla and Ornamental Penmanship.
D. BACON, Lecturer on Political Economy.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, Esq., of the Pittsburgh Bar, Lecturer on Commercial Law.
JAMES W. KENNEDY, of "Kennedy's Bank Note Review," Lecturer on Counterfeit, Altered and Spurious Bank Notes.

DESIGN OF THE INSTITUTION.

To furnish the best means for acquiring a THOROUGH BUSINESS EDUCATION, in the shortest time and at the least expense, compatible with such an object.

DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING,

as applied to Merchandising, Banking, Railroading, &c.

STEAMBOAT BOOK-KEEPING.

With all the recent improvements, taught without extra charge.

PENMANSHIP.

Rapid Writing, with every variety and style of Business and Ornamental Penmanship.

ARITHMETIC.

And a thorough course of Counting House Calculations.

COUNTERFEIT AND ALTERED NOTES.

Full instructions given in this important branch of business education.

LECTURES DAILY, ON BOOK-KEEPING,

Usages, Laws and Customs of Commerce, Finance and Banking, Political Economy, Counterfeit Notes, and other subjects having practical relation to active business.

TERMS, &c.

Book-keeping, Full Commercial Course,	$35 00
Stationary, about	5 00
Board per week, can be obtained for	2 50

☞ Students are not charged extra for Steamboat Book-keeping, Arithmetic or Diploma.

STUDENTS

Can enter at any time—no vacation; review at pleasure—time unlimited—usual length of course from eight to twelve weeks.

REFERENCE.

Four hundred and eighty-seven students entering from the City alone within one year besides the many from the country.

DIPLOMAS.

Specimens of Writing and Circulars, containing full information, sent by mail free of charge.

Address F. W. JENKINS.
Iron City College, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ PREMIUM PENMANSHIP.—No less than EIGHT FIRST PREMIUMS were awarded this student in the fall of 1857, over all competitors, for best writing. These with other previous Premiums, were given in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Virginia, Pennsylvania, and in Louisville, Ky. at the United States Fairs, and all for work actually done with PEN AND INK, and not for *Engrossed* Penmanship. Our Penmen are fully competent to do their own work without the *aid* of the engraver to make it respectable. [August 19, '57-1y.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!—The undersigned has for sale, at his Store in Masonic Temple, a large assortment of

GALLAHER'S SURPRISE AIRTIGHT

Cooking Stove, a new and splendid Large Oven, Flat Top Stove, for Coal or Wood patented 1856.

JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agt.*

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Box Stoves on hand. [Sept. 11, '57-tf.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of

BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work. He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed.

Remember my shop is on Main street, next door to B. Kerr's old stand, now W. O'Neil's.

September 3, '57-tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

COAL! COAL! COAL! COAL!—The subscriber would respectfully inform the consumers of COAL and WOOD in Altoona, that he is constantly receiving and will deliver at this time, Anthracite Coal at $5.00 per ton,

Irvin's	"	3.12½ "
Bituminous	"	3 per bushel,
Dry Hickory Wood,	3.50	" cord,
Oak	"	2.50 "

All orders left at J. L. Ickes' store, or at Esquire Beaty's Justice Office will be promptly filled.

Office at residence in Buttonbarg's building, opposite Robert Green's, where all orders will receive prompt attention.

Aug. 14, '56-tf] JOHN ALLISON.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—THE UNDERSIGNED has now on hand and will sell cheap at his store in the Masonic Temple, a large and complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, ready made, or made to order, Overshoes, Ladies' Sandals, Gum Shoes, Cork Soles, and everything in his line of business, of the best quality and on the most reasonable terms. All custom work warranted.

Jan. 2, '56-tf] J. SHOEMAKER.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 3, '56-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

CONVEYANCING.—ALL KINDS of writing done at the shortest notice.—Deeds, Mortgages, &c., executed in the neatest manner by

Jan. 3, 1857-tf.] JOHN SHOEMAKER, Masonic Temple, Altoona.

QUEENSWARE, JUST RECEIVED. A large and fashionable assortment at the store of

J. B HILEMAN.

RIO COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA AND all kind of Groceries for sale by

June 18, 1857-1y] HENRY LEHR.

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY. CONSUMPTION AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND THROAT ARE POSITIVELY

Curable by Inhalation,

which conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second, but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent., for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill. Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after Inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more powerand certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain; inhaling the ordinary burning gass will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead. The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the effect that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During twenty years' practice many thousands suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My practice in consumption is original, and founded on long experience and thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish, readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted cavities, to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure would be more certain if the patient should pay me a visit, which would give me an opportunity to examine the lungs and tackle me to present with much greater certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again.

G. W. GRAHAM, M. D.,

Office, 1131 Filbert Street, (old No. 199,) below Twelfth, Philadelphia. [July 23, '57-1y.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT!—A NEW FIRM BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.

MLAIN & LEHR

Beg leave to inform their friends and the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that they have opened a

GROCERY & PROVISION STORE,

in the room formerly occupied by John Lehr, on Virginia street, next door to Patton's Hall, where they will be happy to serve all who may favor them with a call. Their stock is a large and select one, consisting of

Flour,	Feed,	Bacon,
Pork,	Sugar,	Coffee,
Tea,	Molasses,	Fish,
Salt,	Potatoes,	Fish Oil,
Fluid,	Camphene,	Alcohol,

Cigars and Tobacco.

As they purchase all their goods for the READY CASH, and sell for the same, persons desiring of purchasing anything in their line, will do well to give them a call, as they will sell at but a trifling advance on first c